0520-02-03-.01 GENERAL INFORMATION AND REGULATIONS.

(1) Prospective Educators.

(a) Securing a License. The educator shall be responsible for securing a license, verifying its accuracy, maintaining its validity, registering it with the employing board of education, and meeting the requirements of T.C.A. § 49-5-101.

(b) Unless otherwise designated in this chapter, prospective educators seeking initial licensure must hold a bachelor’s degree from a regionally accredited college or university, be enrolled in or have completed a state-approved educator preparation program, and meet all requirements regarding assessments and qualifying scores as specified by State Board of Education rules or policy.

(c) Prospective educators seeking initial licensure must meet requirements in at least one area of endorsement.

(d) In-State Applicant for Initial License. An In-State applicant applying for an initial license must apply through the appropriate official of the educator preparation provider.

(e) At the time of application, prospective educators seeking initial licensure must be recommended by an approved educator preparation provider.

1. For applicants who have completed a licensure program, the provider must indicate that the applicant has successfully completed all required components of the program and indicate the area(s) of endorsement for which the applicant has successfully completed requirements. Recommendations must be received within five (5) years of the date of program completion. If a candidate completed a program more than five (5) years prior to the date of the application, the candidate may attempt to secure an updated recommendation from the provider. Educator preparation providers are under no obligation to issue an updated recommendation. Recommendations must attest that the candidate has met current standards for licensure.

2. For applicants who are enrolled in a licensure program, the provider must indicate the area(s) of endorsement for which the applicant has successfully demonstrated content competency. Verification of successful program completion, including verification of the endorsement areas for which the candidate is recommended, must be submitted by the end of the validity period of the initial license.
(f) Official transcripts of all college credits, bearing the school seal and/or signature of the registrar, must be submitted with the application. These transcripts and forms upon which licensure is granted become the property of the State of Tennessee. Photocopies are not acceptable.

(g) Upon receipt of the applications, transcripts, and results of required assessments, materials will be evaluated and a license will be issued to the applicant or the applicant will be notified of deficiencies.

(2) Licensed Educators.

(a) Duration of License or Certificate. Initial licenses become valid on the date of issuance. The end of the validity period of the license will be set for August 31. The year of expiration is determined by the date of issuance and advances one year on March 1 of each year.

(b) Licensure Expectations. All expectations for licensure advancement and renewal shall be defined in State Board of Education policy.

(c) Change of Name and Address. If a licensed educator changes his or her name or address by legal means, the holder must report such changes to the Office of Educator Licensing within thirty (30) days of making the change.


0520-02-03-.02 TEACHER LICENSES.

(1) General requirements for licensure, as defined in Rule 0520-02-03-.01 General Information and Regulations, apply to all teacher licenses.

(2) Licenses Currently Issued.

(a) Practitioner License. Initial three (3) year teacher license issued to applicants who hold a bachelor’s degree, are enrolled in or have completed a preparation program approved by the State Board of Education, and have verified content knowledge as defined in State Board policy. The Practitioner License may be renewed once.

(b) Professional License. A six (6) year teacher license issued upon meeting licensure expectations at the practitioner level and completion of an approved educator preparation program. The Professional License is renewable.
(c) Non-Public School Teacher License. A ten (10) year license issued to individuals who qualify for or hold a valid Tennessee teaching license, have current certification from the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards, or hold a valid license from another state. The non-public license only provides license for an educator to work in a Tennessee non-public school. The Non-Public School Teacher License is renewable.

(d) JROTC Teacher License. A five (5) year license issued to active or retired military personnel who seek to serve as junior reserve officers’ training corps (JROTC) teachers, based upon a certification of preparation by the branch of the military approving the teacher placement. The JROTC teacher license does not entitle an individual to teach courses other than those designated as part of the JROTC program, consistent with the requirements of T.C.A. § 49-5-108. No other teaching endorsements may be added to a JROTC license. JROTC teachers may earn a teaching license with an endorsement in a content area through an educator preparation program approved by the State Board of Education. The JROTC Teacher License is renewable.

(e) Adjunct License. A one (1) year license issued to applicants who teach no more than three (3) classes in subject areas of critical shortage as designated by the State Board of Education and who hold a bachelor’s degree, have verified knowledge of the teaching content area and have completed a pre-service preparation program approved by the State Board of Education. The Adjunct License is renewable nine (9) times.

Adjunct teachers must meet the following criteria:

1. The applicant must hold at least a bachelor’s degree or a master’s degree from a regionally accredited institution of higher education that includes at least twenty-four (24) semester hours of credit in the content area in which they will be teaching.

2. The applicant must have at least five (5) years of work experience in the subject(s) to be taught.

3. The applicant must have completed the pre-service portion of an adjunct licensure program that addresses the knowledge and skills in the professional education core and that has been approved by the State Board of Education.

4. A Tennessee director of schools must state intent to employ the applicant for specific subject(s) and course(s) not to exceed three (3) classes and must provide a mentor teacher for the applicant during the first year of teaching.

5. Applicants are eligible for an adjunct license for the specific subject(s) or course(s) indicated on the application in subject areas of critical shortage as designated by the State Board of Education.

6. School systems shall assess the effectiveness of the teachers annually using the evaluation procedures approved by the State Board of Education.

7. Applicants may renew an adjunct license annually but not more than nine (9) times provided that a director of schools states intent to employ and provided that the applicant has received a successful evaluation in the preceding year. Before the first renewal, the applicant must have passed all required licensure examinations.

8. The teacher shall not attain licensure beyond the approved subject(s) or course(s) without successfully completing the state’s regular or alternative licensure programs.
International Teacher Exchange License. The international exchange teacher license is a time-limited license designed to allow eligible teachers from other nations to teach in Tennessee schools for up to three (3) consecutive years. The validity period begins on the date all application requirements for the license are met or July 1, whichever is more recent, and expires on June 30, three (3) years later. If the applicant is employed between January 1 and June 30, the validity period begins on the first (1st) day of the month of employment and expires June 30, three (3) years later. If the teacher wishes to remain beyond the third (3rd) year, the teacher must satisfy all requirements for a professional teacher license. Districts that wish to employ teachers holding this license must adhere to State Board of Education policies regarding mentoring and evaluation of these teachers. The International Teacher Exchange License is nonrenewable.

Teachers participating in an international teacher exchange program must meet the following criteria:

1. Hold primary citizenship outside the United States;
2. Hold the U.S. equivalent of a bachelor’s degree or higher;
3. Hold a foreign teacher credential in a field comparable to that recognized in Tennessee;
4. Demonstrate proficiency in English;
5. Provide verification from a Tennessee director of schools of intent to employ; and
6. Provide a recommendation by the government of a country with whom the Department of Education has signed a memorandum of agreement or by a recognized international exchange program.

(3) License Advancement and Renewal.

(a) Practitioner License. At the end of the validity period of the initial practitioner license, if the educator has not met licensure expectations, the practitioner license may be renewed once. If the educator has not met licensure expectations at the end of the second validity period, the license will become inactive.

(b) Professional License. At the end of the validity period of the professional license, if the educator has met licensure expectations, the license will be renewed. If the educator has not met licensure expectations, the license will become inactive.

(4) Additional Endorsements.

(a) Licensed teachers must submit qualifying scores on all required, state-approved teacher licensure specialty assessments for additional endorsements.

(b) Licensed teachers seeking to add endorsements may complete an educator preparation program. In some cases, as defined in State Board policy, teachers may add an endorsement by using a test-only.

(c) Licensed teachers who complete programs of study for additional endorsements at education preparation providers in other states may be recommended by the out-of-state provider to the Tennessee Department of Education.
0520-02-03-.03 LICENSURE, INSTRUCTIONAL LEADER.

(1) General requirements for licensure, as defined in Rule 0520-02-03-.01 General Information and Regulations, apply to all instructional leader licenses.

(2) Licenses currently issued:

(a) Instructional Leadership License-Aspiring (ILL-A). Initial three (3)-year instructional leader license issued to candidates who are enrolled in an instructional leader preparation program approved by the State Board. The Instructional Leadership License-Aspiring is not renewable.

(b) Instructional Leadership License (ILL). Initial three (3)-year instructional leader license issued to candidates who have completed an instructional leader preparation program approved by the State Board and have submitted a qualifying score on the required licensure assessment. The Instructional Leadership License is renewable.

(c) Instructional Leadership License-Professional (ILL-P). Six (6)-year instructional leader license issued to educators who have met licensure expectations for advancement from the ILL. The Instructional Leadership License-Professional is renewable.

(3) License Advancement and Renewal.

(a) Instructional Leadership License-Aspiring (ILL-A). At the end of the validity period of the ILL-A, if the educator has met licensure expectations, the individual may apply for the ILL. At the end of the validity period of the initial ILL-A, if the educator has not met licensure expectations, the license will become inactive.

(b) Instructional Leadership License (ILL). At the end of the validity period of the ILL, if the educator has met licensure expectations as defined in State Board policy, the individual may apply to advance to the ILL-P. If the educator has not met licensure expectations by the end of the first validity period of the license, the ILL may be renewed, if renewal expectations have been met. If the educator has not met licensure expectations to advance or renew the license, the license will become inactive.

(c) Instructional Leadership License-Professional (ILL-P). At the end of the validity period of the ILL-P, if the educator has met licensure expectations as defined in State Board policy, the license will be renewed. If the educator has not met licensure expectations, the license will become inactive.

(4) Those who hold a Professional Administrator License (PAL) license issued prior to September 15, 2009, may maintain that license until July 1, 2022, at which time the ILL-P license will be required.

(5) Assistant principals, teaching principals, or dual assignment personnel with more than fifty percent (50%) of their responsibilities involved in instructional leadership must be properly licensed.

0520-02-03-.04 SCHOOL SERVICE PERSONNEL LICENSES.

(1) General requirements for licensure, as defined in Rule 0520-02-03-.01 General Information and Regulations, apply to all school service personnel licenses.

(2) Licenses Currently Issued.

(a) Practitioner School Service Personnel License. Initial three (3)-year license issued to applicants upon completion of a preparation program approved by the State Board of Education, leading to endorsement as a school counselor, school psychologist, school social worker, educational interpreter, school food service supervisor, school speech-language pathologist, or school audiologist. Applicants must have also submitted qualifying scores on the state required licensure assessment. The Practitioner School Service Personnel License is renewable once.

(b) Professional School Service Personnel License. A six (6)-year license issued to applicants upon meeting licensure expectations at the practitioner level, as a school counselor, school psychologist, school social worker, educational interpreter, school food service supervisor, school speech-language pathologist, or school audiologist. The Professional School Service Personnel License is renewable.

(3) License Advancement and Renewal.

(a) Practitioner School Service Personnel License. At the end of the validity period of the initial practitioner license, if the educator has not met licensure expectations, the practitioner license may be renewed once. If the educator has not met licensure expectations at the end of the second validity period, the license will become inactive.

(b) Professional School Service Personnel License. At the end of the validity period of the professional license, if the educator has met licensure expectations, the license will be renewed. If the educator has not met licensure expectations, the license will become inactive.


0520-02-03-.05 OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION LICENSES.

(1) General requirements for licensure, as defined in Rule 0520-02-03-.01 General Information and Regulations, apply to all occupational education licenses, except for the requirement of a bachelor's degree.

(2) Licenses Currently Issued.

(a) Practitioner Occupational Education License. Initial three (3) year license issued to applicants who have met endorsement requirements pursuant to State Board of Education policy and have had content verification provided by the Tennessee Department of Education. The Practitioner Occupational Education License is renewable once.
(Rule 0520-02-03-.05, continued)

(b) Professional Occupational Education License. A six (6) year license issued to applicants upon meeting licensure expectations at the practitioner level, completing coursework covering the professional education standards and additional requirements as defined in State Board of Education policy. The Professional Occupational Education License is renewable.

(3) License Advancement and Renewal.

(a) Practitioner Occupational Education License. At the end of the validity period of the initial practitioner license, if the educator has not met licensure expectations, the practitioner license may be renewed once. If the educator has not met licensure expectations at the end of the second validity period, the license will become inactive.

(b) Professional Occupational Education License. At the end of the validity period of the professional license, if the educator has met licensure expectations, the license will be renewed. If the educator has not met licensure expectations, the license will become inactive.


0520-02-03-.06 OUT OF STATE APPLICANTS.

(1) General Requirements.

(a) Tennessee has adopted the provisions of Interstate Agreement on Qualification of Educational Personnel as proposed by the National Association of State Directors of Teacher Education and Certification (NASDTEC). Participation in this agreement is evidenced by signed reciprocal contracts between Tennessee and other participating states as defined by the Interstate Certification Project (ICP).

(b) Licensure may be awarded to applicants from states which are not parties to the ICP but which are accredited by or affiliated with the national accrediting body with which the State of Tennessee has entered into an agreement on the same basis as those applying from states which are party to the ICP agreement.

(c) Licensure may be awarded to applicants not covered by Paragraphs (a) or (b) above on the same basis as those applying from states which are party to the ICP agreement if one of the following conditions is met:

1. The applicant has received a recommendation from an educator preparation provider which is accredited by the same national accrediting body with which the State of Tennessee has entered into an agreement; or

2. The Tennessee Department of Education has reviewed a state’s process for approving educator preparation providers and has found the process to be acceptable for purposes of granting full licensure in Tennessee.

(d) An applicant from a state other than Tennessee must apply directly to the Office of Educator Licensing.

(e) The application for licensure must be accompanied by a set of official transcripts supplied by all institutions attended by the applicant.
(Rule 0520-02-03-.06, continued)

(f) An applicant from another state must submit qualifying scores for assessments required by the State Board of Education. Scores must have been obtained within five (5) years prior to the date of application for licensure.

(g) No license or endorsement which requires a Master’s Degree or above as part of its requirements may be awarded to an individual not possessing said degree.

(2) Teacher Licensure for Applicants Trained in Other States.

(a) Applicants meeting all requirements will be issued a practitioner license except those who have been certified by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards who will be issued a professional license.

(b) Licensure will be awarded in all endorsement areas (the areas most similar to those awarded in Tennessee), which are reflected on the full, currently valid licensure credential(s) supplied by the other qualifying state(s) and the area most closely related to the area of certification by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards.

(c) Applicants with an out-of-state endorsement in a teaching area covering a grade span that is more narrow than the comparable Tennessee K-12 teaching endorsement, shall be awarded the Tennessee endorsement based on parameters defined by State Board policy.

(3) Instructional Leader Licensure for Applicants Trained in Other States.

(a) Applicants who have completed an instructional leader preparation program approved in a state other than Tennessee who have not yet submitted qualifying scores on the required licensure assessment may be issued an ILL-A. Upon submitting qualifying scores, the individual may apply for the ILL.

(b) Applicants meeting all requirements will be issued an ILL.

(4) School Service Personnel Licensure for Applicants Trained in Other States.

(a) Applicants meeting all requirements will be issued a Practitioner License.

(b) The Practitioner School Services Personnel License will be awarded to applicants who hold a full and valid school service personnel license from another state.


0520-02-03-.07 OTHER SPECIAL CASES.

(1) Correspondence and Extension Credit. Credit earned by correspondence and extension instruction with a member of the National University Extension Association or the Teacher College Association for Extension and Field Services shall be accepted for licensure purposes to the extent of one-fourth of the amount of credit necessary for the particular license desired.

(2) Experience in Lieu of Student Teaching. An individual applying for a license who holds at least a bachelor’s degree may present evidence of three (3) years of successful teaching
experience in an approved school or a National Association for the Education of Young Children (NAEYC) accredited early childhood education program at the grade level of work authorized by the endorsement sought in lieu of student teaching.

(3) Military Service.

(a) The duration of a license may be extended from the date of termination of military service for the number of years, not to exceed four (4), which the holder spent in military service during the life of the license. Four (4) calendar months of military service during any school year shall be counted as a full year for purposes of extending the license.

(b) The five (5) years preceding the issuance of a teacher license, within which time academic credit must be earned, shall not include the years spent in military service.

(4) Validation of Credit from an Unapproved Institution.

(a) Credit from an unapproved institution may be accepted for licensure when such credit has been accepted in full on a transcript by an approved institution for advanced standing toward a degree, provided that not less than eight (8) semester hours of satisfactory work has been completed in the approved institution.

(b) Degree or credit from an institution accredited by a regional accrediting association but not approved for teacher education will be accepted.

(c) An applicant who holds the bachelor’s degree from an unapproved institution and has otherwise met all of the requirements for a license may validate the degree and apply for a license as follows:

1. Enter an approved graduate school and complete a minimum of eight (8) semester hours in an approved educator preparation program. The applicant must successfully complete the approved educator preparation program in order to advance to a Professional License.

2. Secure a properly certified statement from an educator preparation program approved by the State Board of Education indicating all deficiencies and/or probations have been met.

(5) Emergency Teaching Credential. A one (1) year credential, effective for only one school year, to be issued to displaced licensed teachers under one of the following circumstances:

(a) The Governor declares a state of emergency or declares a disaster under T.C.A. § 58-2-107, and the Commissioner of Education determines the necessity of conferring an emergency credential to displaced persons, or

(b) A federal state of emergency is declared anywhere in the United States, and the Commissioner of Education determines the necessity of conferring an emergency credential to displaced persons.

0520-02-03-.08 PERMITS.

(1) Permits.
   (a) The state may issue a permit when a school district or public charter school meets the following requirements:
      
      1. A director of schools or public charter school leader must state intent to employ and indicate the position to be held by the applicant.
      
      2. The school district or public charter school must indicate that it is unable to obtain the services of a licensed educator for the type and kind of school in which a vacancy exists.
      
      3. The school district or public charter school must identify and document a targeted recruitment strategy for the position or shortage areas. The strategy may include, but is not limited to, partnerships with educator preparation providers, advertisements, or recruitment campaigns.

   (b) The state may issue a permit to a school district or public charter school to hire an applicant one (1) time and only if the applicant holds a bachelor's degree. A bachelor's degree is not required for an applicant in occupational education.


0520-02-03-.09 DENIAL, FORMAL REPRIMAND, SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION.

(1) Definitions and Examples:
   (a) Conviction – Means a judgment entered by a court upon a plea of guilty, a plea of nolo contendere, a finding of guilt by a jury or the court notwithstanding any pending appeal or habeas corpus proceeding arising from the judgment. Conviction includes, but is not limited to, a conviction by a federal court or military tribunal, including a court-martial conducted by the armed forces of the United States, and a conviction, whether upon a plea of guilty, a plea of nolo contendere, or a finding of guilt by a jury or the court, in any other state of the United States, other jurisdiction, or other country. Conviction also includes a plea taken in conjunction with § 40-35-313 or its equivalent in any other jurisdiction.

   (b) Formal Reprimand – A less harsh licensing action than the suspension, revocation, or denial of a license, which admonishes an educator for certain conduct under this rule. An educator who has been reprimanded by the Board will receive a letter from the State Board of Education, which will become part of the educator's state and local record, indicating that the inappropriate conduct is discouraged and shall be subject to further disciplinary action if repeated.

   (c) Inappropriate Communication (Explicit) – Any communication between an educator and a student that describes, represents, or alludes to sexual activity or any other illicit activity. This shall not be construed to prevent an educator from communication regarding sexual or illicit activities for educational purposes such as in teaching family-life curriculum pursuant to T.C.A. §§ 49-6-1307 et seq. or drug abuse resistance education pursuant to T.C.A. § 49-1-402.
(d) Inappropriate Communication (Non-Explicit) – Any communication between an educator and a student that is beyond the scope of the educator’s professional responsibilities. Examples of such non-explicit inappropriate communications include, but are not limited to, those communications that discuss the teaching staff member’s or student’s past or current romantic relationships; those that include the use of profanities or obscene language; those that are harassing, intimidating, or bullying; those that attempt to establish an inappropriate personal relationship with a student; and those that are related to personal or confidential information regarding another school staff member or student.

(e) Inappropriate Physical Contact – Unlawful, unnecessary, and/or unjustified physical contact with a student. Examples of such unnecessary and unjustified contact include, but are not limited to sexual contact, physical altercations, horseplay, tickling, improper use of corporal punishment, and rough housing.

(f) Inappropriate Physical Contact With Harm – Inappropriate physical contact as described in subparagraph (e) above that results in physical or mental harm or the potential of physical or mental harm to a student.

(g) Major Testing Breach – A breach of test security that results in nullification of test scores, as determined by the Department of Education.

(h) Minor Testing Breach – A breach of test security that does not result in nullification of any test scores, as determined by the Department of Education.

(i) Negligence – Failure to exercise the care toward others that a reasonable or prudent person would exercise under the circumstances or taking action that a reasonable person would not.

(j) Official School Business – Any activity undertaken by an educator in an official capacity and in connection with the educator’s employment. Examples include, but are not limited to, conferences, professional development, trainings, and seminars.

(k) Other Good Cause – Conduct that calls into question the fitness of an educator to hold a license including, but not limited to, noncompliance with security guidelines for Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program (TCAP) or successor tests pursuant to T.C.A. § 49-1-607, failure to report licensure actions as required under paragraph (2), or violation of any provision in the Teacher Code of Ethics as contained in T.C.A. §§ 49-5-1001, et seq.

(l) Permanent Revocation – The nullification of an educator’s license without eligibility for future reinstatement.

(m) School Premises – Any real property and/or land owned, leased, managed, controlled, or under the custody of a state or local education agency, school system, or school.

(n) School Property – Any property owned, leased, managed, controlled, or under the custody of a state or local education agency, school system, or school.

(o) School Related Activity – Any activity in which a student participates, including but not limited to classes, meetings, extracurricular activities, clubs, athletics, and field trips, sponsored by the school, state educational agency, or local educational agency.

(p) Suspension – The nullification of an educator’s license for a predetermined term, after which the license is automatically reinstated. Reinstatement may be subject to the completion of terms and conditions contained in the order of suspension.
(q) Revocation – The nullification of an educator’s license for a period of at least five (5) years, after which an educator may petition the State Board for reinstatement.

(2) Notification of Office of Educator Licensing – It is the responsibility of the Director of Schools of the employing public or non-public school or school system or his or her designee to inform the Office of Educator Licensing of licensed educators who have been suspended or dismissed, or who have resigned, following allegations of conduct which, if substantiated, would warrant consideration for license suspension or revocation under paragraphs (3), (4), or (5). The report shall be submitted within thirty (30) days of the suspension, dismissal, or resignation. The Director of Schools or his or her designee shall also report felony convictions of licensed educators within thirty (30) days of receiving knowledge of the conviction. School systems have a duty to respond to State Board inquiries and provide to the State Board, except when prohibited by law, any available documentation requested concerning the allegations contained in the notice.

(3) The State Board of Education may revoke, suspend, formally reprimand, or refuse to issue or renew an educator’s license for any of the following reasons:

(a) Conviction of a felony;

(b) Conviction of possession of illegal drugs;

(c) Being on school premises, at a school-related activity involving students, or on official school business, while possessing or consuming alcohol or illegal drugs;

(d) Falsification or altering of a license or documentation required for licensure;

(e) Inappropriate physical contact with a student;

(f) Denial, suspension, or revocation of a license or certificate in another jurisdiction for reasons which would justify denial, suspension, or revocation under this rule;

(g) Other good cause as defined in subparagraph (1)(k) of this rule; or

(h) Any offense contained in paragraphs (4) and/or (5) of this rule.

(4) Automatic Revocation and Suspension

(a) Automatic Revocation of License – The State Board of Education shall automatically revoke, without the right to a hearing, the license of an educator for the following:


2. Upon receiving verification of the identity of the licensed educator together with a report from the Department of Children’s Services (DCS) stating that DCS has found the educator to have been a perpetrator of child abuse, severe child abuse, child sexual abuse, or child neglect as stated in T.C.A. § 49-5-413.
3. The Board will notify persons whose licenses are subject to automatic revocation at least thirty (30) days prior to the board meeting at which such revocation shall occur.

(b) Automatic Suspension of License – The State Board of Education shall automatically suspend, without the right to a hearing, the license of an educator upon receiving notice from the responsible state agency of the identity of the licensed educator together with notification that the educator has committed any of the following offenses:

1. Default on a student loan pursuant to T.C.A. § 49-5-108(d)(2); or

2. Failure to comply with an order of support for alimony or child support, pursuant to T.C.A. § 36-5-706.

3. The Board will notify persons whose licenses are subject to automatic suspension at least thirty (30) days prior to the board meeting at which such suspension shall occur.

(5) Disciplinary Actions

(a) For the following categories of offenses, the State Board of Education shall impose uniform disciplinary action upon its findings as detailed below:

1. Conviction of a felony

   (i) Upon receiving notification that an individual has been convicted of a felony, the board may revoke or permanently revoke the convicted individual’s educator license.

2. Use or possession of alcohol or illegal substances

   (i) An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to be in possession of or consuming, alcohol, or using illegal substances while on school premises or property when children are present shall be subject to a disciplinary action within the range of suspension for not less than one (1) year up to and including revocation.

   (ii) An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to be in possession of or consuming alcohol, or using illegal substances while on school premises or property without children present shall be subject to a disciplinary action within the range of suspension for not less than one (1) year up to and including revocation.

   (iii) An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to be in possession of or consuming alcohol or using illegal substances while not on school premises or property, but while participating in school related activities with children present, shall be subject to a disciplinary action within the range of suspension for not less than one (1) year up to and including revocation.

   (iv) An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to be in possession of or consuming alcohol or illegal substances while not on school premises or property, but participating in school related activities without children present, shall be subject to a disciplinary action within the range of suspension for not less than six (6) months up to and including a two (2) year suspension.
3. Negligence in the commission of duties as an educator

   (i) An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to be negligent in his or her commission of duties as an educator in such a manner that does not result in harm to a child shall be subject to a disciplinary action within the range of a letter of formal reprimand up to and including a two (2) year suspension.

   (ii) An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to be negligent in their commission of duties as an educator in such a manner that results in harm to a child, shall be subject to a disciplinary action within the range of suspension for no less than one (1) year up to and including permanent revocation.

4. Testing breaches

   (i) An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to have committed a minor testing breach shall be subject to a disciplinary action within the range of a letter of formal reprimand up to and including a suspension not to exceed one (1) year.

   (ii) An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to have committed a major testing breach shall be subject to a disciplinary action within the range of a suspension of no less than one (1) year up to and including revocation.

5. Unprofessionalism

   (i) An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to have engaged in non-explicit inappropriate communication with a student shall be subject to a disciplinary action within the range of a suspension for no less than three (3) months up to and including revocation.

   (ii) An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to have engaged in inappropriate communication of an explicit nature with a student shall be subject to permanent revocation.

   (iii) An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to have inappropriately used school property shall be subject to a disciplinary action within the range of a suspension for no less than three (3) months up to and including revocation.

6. Inappropriate Physical Contact

   (i) An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to have engaged in inappropriate physical contact with a student that does not result in harm or potential harm to the student shall be subject to a disciplinary action within the range of a formal reprimand up to and including suspension for two (2) years.

   (ii) An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to have engaged in inappropriate physical contact with a student that results in harm or potential harm to the student shall be subject to a disciplinary action within the range of a suspension for not less than two (2) years up to and including permanent revocation.

March, 2018 (Revised)
7. Falsification of Licensure Documentation – An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to have falsified licensure documentation shall be subject to a disciplinary action within the range of revocation or permanent revocation.

8. Violation of the Teacher Code of Ethics – An individual holding an educator’s license who is found to have violated the teacher code of ethics shall be subject to a disciplinary action within the range of a suspension for no less than one (1) year up to and including revocation.

(b) Similar offenses – Actions related or similar to the above-enumerated offenses shall carry recommended disciplinary action commensurate with the range established for the similar offense.

(c) Nothing in this part shall prevent an educator from exercising his or her lawful authority to use reasonable force when necessary under the circumstances to correct or restrain a student or prevent bodily harm or death to another person pursuant to T.C.A. § 49-6-4107.

(d) Repeated violations – Individuals holding an educator’s license who are subject to multiple disciplinary actions by the Board shall face disciplinary action in excess of the recommended ranges. A third violation, regardless of severity, shall be subject to a recommendation of revocation.

(e) Nothing in this rule shall prohibit the State Board from imposing a disciplinary action outside of the uniform discipline range upon good cause shown in extraordinary circumstances.

(6) Restoration of License

(a) Suspension

1. A person whose license has been suspended under paragraphs (3), (4), or (5) of this rule may have his or her educator’s license restored after the period of suspension has been completed, and, where applicable, the person has complied with all terms prescribed by the State Board. Suspended licenses are subject to the expiration and renewal rules of the State Board.

(b) Denial or Revocation

1. A person whose license has been denied or revoked under paragraphs (3), (4), or (5) of this rule may apply to the State Board to have the license issued or restored upon application showing that the cause for denial or revocation no longer exists and that the person has complied with any terms imposed in the order of denial or revocation. In the case of a felony conviction, before an application will be considered, the person must also show that any sentence imposed, including any pre-trial diversion or probationary period, has been completed. Application for such issuance or restoration shall be made to the Office of Educator Licensing and forwarded to State Board counsel.

2. A person whose license has been revoked under paragraphs (3), (4), or (5) of this rule shall not be eligible to reapply for licensure for a period of no less than five (5) years from the time at which the license was initially revoked.

3. In any deliberation by the Board of Education to restore a license that has been revoked, there will be a rebuttable presumption that an educator whose license...
(Rule 0520-02-03-.09, continued)

has been revoked is unfit for licensure. Nothing in this section is intended to
guarantee restoration of a license.

(7) Presumptive Denial – There shall be a rebuttable presumption that any person applying for an
educator’s license who has committed an offense that would subject him or her to revocation
shall be presumed ineligible to receive a Tennessee educator’s license.

(8) Scope of Disciplinary Action – A person whose license has been denied, suspended, or
revoked may not serve as a volunteer or be employed, directly or indirectly, as an educator,
paraprofessional, aide, substitute teacher, or in any other position during the period of the
denial, suspension, or revocation.

(9) Notice of Hearing – Any person who is formally reprimanded or whose license is to be denied,
suspended, or revoked under paragraphs (3) or (5) of this rule shall be entitled to written
notice and an opportunity for a hearing to be conducted as a contested case under the
Uniform Administrative Procedures Act, T.C.A. §§ 4-5-301, et seq.

(10) Discipline Schedule – The following chart outlines the least and greatest disciplinary ranges
for the offenses listed as indicated by the shaded squares.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minor Testing Breach</th>
<th>Letter of Formal Reprimand</th>
<th>Suspension of 3 months up to and including 6 months</th>
<th>Suspension of 6 months up to and including 1 Year</th>
<th>Suspension of 1 Year up to and including 18 Months</th>
<th>Suspension of 18 months up to and including 2 Years</th>
<th>Suspension of 2 years up to and including Revocation</th>
<th>Revocation</th>
<th>Permanent Revocation</th>
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<td>Negligence w/o Harm or Potential Harm</td>
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<td>Inappropriate Physical Contact w/o Harm</td>
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<td>Unprofessionalism - Inappropriate Communication (Non-Explicit)</td>
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<td>Unprofessionalism - Inappropriate Use of School Property</td>
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### Major Testing Breach

| Violation of  Teacher Code of Ethics |
| Negligence w/ Harm or Potential Harm to a Student |
| Inappropriate Physical Contact with Harm |
| Felony Conviction |
| Falsification of Licensure Documentation |
| Unprofessionalism - Inappropriate Communication (Explicit) |


0520-02-03-.10 REPEALED.


0520-02-03-.11 REPEALED.


0520-02-03-.12 REPEALED.

0520-02-03-.13 THROUGH 0520-02-03-.20 REPEALED.


0520-02-03-.21 REPEALED.


0520-02-03-.22 THROUGH 0520-02-03-.94 REPEALED.