0800-02-14-.01 SCOPE OF RULES.

The provisions of this chapter shall apply to all employers, adjusting entities and providers of services related to workers’ compensation claims in the State of Tennessee subject to provisions of the Workers’ Compensation Law.


0800-02-14-.02 DEFINITIONS.

(1) “Adjusting entity” means a trade or professional association, managing general agency, pool, third party administrator and/or insurance company licensed to write workers’ compensation insurance in Tennessee and shall also mean a self-insured employer or group self-insured employers possessing a valid certificate of authority from the commissioner of commerce and insurance pursuant to T.C.A. § 50-6-405.

(2) “Adjuster”, “claims adjuster”, “med-only adjuster”, or “claims handler” means a representative of an adjusting entity who investigates workers’ compensation claims for the purposes of making compensability determinations, files or causes claims forms to be filed with the Bureau, commences benefits, and/or makes settlement recommendations based on the insurer’s liability on behalf of a self-insured employer, trade or professional association, third party administrator, and/or insurance company.

(3) “Administrator” shall have the same definition of “Administrator” as in T.C.A. § 50-6-102.

(4) “Bureau” means the Tennessee Bureau of Workers’ Compensation as defined in T.C.A. § 50-6-102, an autonomous unit attached to the Department of Labor and Workforce Development for administrative matters only, pursuant to T.C.A. § 4-3-1409.

(5) “Claim” means a demand for something as due; an assertion of a right or an alleged right.

(6) “Electronic Data Interchange” or “EDI” means the electronic communication method that provides standards for exchanging data via electronic means. The term “EDI” encompasses the entire electronic data interchange process, including the transmission, message flow, document format, and software used to interpret the documents using the standards established by the IAIABC and the Release Version accepted by the Bureau at the time of the filing.
“Electronic Form Equivalent” means the original document, provided on the Bureau’s website, which is to be used when a sender reports required data via a paper document. When forms are reproduced, they shall be reproduced in their entirety, including instructions and shall not be modified without written consent of the Administrator. A form may be revised at any time at the discretion of the Administrator and will be available at no cost.

“Employee” shall have the same definition of “Employee” as in T.C.A. § 50-6-102.

“Employer” shall have the same definition of “Employer” as in T.C.A. § 50-6-102.

“First Report of Work Injury” means the EDI equivalent of the form available on the Bureau’s website and designated by the Bureau as the appropriate document to initially report a claim of injury.

“Form” means the document as is available on the Bureau’s website on the date of the filing.

“IAIABC” means the International Association of Industrial Accident Boards and Commissions.

“Injury” and “personal injury” shall have the same definition of “injury” as in T.C.A. § 50-6-102.

“Insured” shall have the same definition of “Employer” as in T.C.A. § 50-6-102.

“Medical-only” claim or “med-only” claim means a claim requiring medical attention, but which has no indemnity benefits due or paid. Any claim in which no indemnity benefits are due or paid, but which has medical treatment provided by any medical personnel qualifies the claim for medical only status, regardless of whether or not a bill is generated and regardless of whom pays for the medical care.

“Trading partner” means an entity approved by the Bureau to exchange data electronically with the Bureau on behalf of an adjusting entity.


0800-02-14-.03 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

(1) Any employer or adjusting entity that knowingly, willfully and intentionally causes a claim to be paid under any health or sickness and accident insurance or that fails to provide reasonable and necessary medical treatment, including a failure to reimburse when the employer or adjusting entity knew that the claim arose out of a compensable work-related injury shall be assessed a civil penalty of $500.00. The employer or adjusting entity shall not offset any benefit paid by that insurance against its temporary total disability benefit liability.

(2) Each adjusting entity shall designate at least one contact person to serve as a liaison between the entity and the Bureau. The designee must have the ability to provide information about claims assignments, status of payments and contact information for the adjusting entity’s adjusters as well as the entity’s primary EDI contact. The designee’s name, title, direct phone number, email address, and mailing address shall be provided to the Bureau, on a form prescribed by the Bureau, in January of each year and within fifteen (15) calendar days of any change regarding the designee for that entity. Each January and July, the designee shall provide the Bureau, on a form prescribed by the Bureau, with the name(s), direct phone number(s), email address(es), and mailing address(es) for each individual adjuster that is performing duties covered by these Rules. Each separate act of not timely notifying the Bureau of a change in the designee or not timely providing the information
(Rule 0800-02-14-.03, continued)
required in this subsection regarding adjusters shall constitute a separate violation and may subject the entity to assessment of a civil penalty, per Rule 0800-02-01-.10, for each separate act.

(3) If an adjusting entity contracts with a trading partner to electronically file transactions with the Bureau on the entity’s behalf, or uses a trading partner’s software product for electronically sending transactions to the Bureau, a Trading Partner Agreement form, provided by the Bureau, must be fully completed and submitted to the Bureau. The adjusting entity shall remain responsible for the timely filing of transactions required by this rule, processing of acknowledgements, and any penalties and fines that may result from untimely electronic filings.

(4) All adjusting entities or trading partners shall utilize anti-virus software to remove any viruses on all electronic transmissions prior to sending electronic transmissions to the Bureau. The adjusting entity or trading partner shall maintain the anti-virus software with the most recent anti-virus update files from the software provider. If the adjusting entity or trading partner sends a transmission that contains a virus which prevents the Bureau from processing the transmission, the transmission will not be considered as having been received.


0800-02-14-.04 CLAIMS REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

(1) All forms required by these rules must be filed with the Bureau via EDI, unless an electronic form equivalent is specifically allowed or required by the Bureau. Requirements for EDI reporting are posted on the Bureau’s website.

(2) The adjuster, when required, shall include the following information on every form it submits to the Bureau:

(a) The employee’s name.

(b) The employee’s date of birth.

(c) The month, day, and year of the employee’s injury or illness, in the following order: mm-dd-yy or mm-dd-yyyy.

(d) The employee’s social security number (SSN) as assigned by the Social Security Administration.

   1. If the employee does not have a SSN, the adjusting entity shall assign an identification number that begins with the number “9” and is followed by the employee’s date of birth, in the following format 9MMDDYYYY and report that information in the Employee ID Assigned by Jurisdiction EDI field.

   2. If the adjusting entity later learns the correct SSN, the adjusting entity shall immediately notify the Bureau via EDI by filing the FROI 02.

(3) The adjusting entity shall ensure that all documents filed with the Bureau pursuant to this chapter, either by EDI or electronic form equivalent, are complete and legible.

   (a) If a filing is not complete and error free, the filing shall be rejected. The adjusting entity shall make the correction and resubmit the filing to the Bureau. The filing will be
(Rule 0800-02-14-.04, continued)

considered “accepted” and in compliance with this section only when a complete and error free filing is received and not rejected by the Bureau.

(b) An adjusting entity will be subject to a penalty for any calendar month in which it fails to successfully transmit its documents with at least an 85% acceptance by the Bureau success rate for its filings. The assessment of this penalty will not preclude the assessment of additional penalties outlined in Rules 0800-02-13.

(4) Every adjusting entity shall submit Tennessee’s First Report of Work Injury form to the Bureau as soon as possible in all cases where the reported injury results in the need for medical treatment, restricted work, the inability to work, or death, but no later than the time frames listed below.

(a) Reports of all injuries causing seven (7) calendar days of disability or fewer shall be submitted on or before the fifteenth (15th) day of the month following the month in which the injury occurred.

(b) Injuries that result in death or a personal injury of a nature that the injured employee did not return to the employee’s employment within seven (7) calendar days after the occurrence of the injury must be reported no later than fourteen (14) calendar days after the report by an employer of the occurrence of the injury.

(c) Minor injuries such as scratches, scrapes, paper cuts and/or other injuries treated solely by minor first aid are not required to be reported to the Bureau. More serious injuries such as sprains, strains or bruising must be reported.

(5) Within two (2) business days of receiving a verbal or written notice of any injury from an employer, the adjusting entity shall send a Notice of a Reported Injury and a copy of the Beginner’s Guide to Tennessee Workers’ Compensation on the forms prescribed by the Administrator to each employee’s last known address via first class US Mail.

(6) Decisions on compensability shall be made by the adjusting entity within fifteen (15) calendar days of the verbal or written notice of injury. If after conducting a reasonable investigation as required by these rules a claim is denied, the adjusting entity must notify the Bureau within five (5) business days of reaching that decision by filing the required information via EDI and must provide the employee or their representative, the treating physician and the insured a non-EDI version of the Notice of Denial, available on the Bureau’s website, simultaneously with the notification to the Bureau. The notice must include the basis for the denial.

(7) Adjusting entities must file the required information via EDI within five (5) business days of the initial payment of benefits and within five (5) business days of a change or termination of the payment of compensation benefits. The adjusting entity must also provide the employee or their representative and the insured a non-EDI version of the Notice of Change or Termination of Compensation Benefits simultaneously with the notification to the Bureau and must provide the explanation of the rationale upon which the modification was based.

(8) An adjusting entity electing to terminate benefits after they have been paid in a claim shall submit a MTC SROI 04 – Denial for a full denial of all further indemnity and medical benefits or a SROI MTC PD – Partial Denial for denial of a specific indemnity or medical benefit via EDI within five (5) calendar days of the due date of the first omitted payment.

0800-02-14-.05 CLAIMS HANDLING AND INVESTIGATING.

(1) The adjuster shall make verbal or written contact with the employee within two (2) business days of receiving a verbal or written notice of any injury, including those considered to be “medical-only”. For “medical-only” claims, this contact is satisfied by the mailing of the Notice of Reported Injury referenced herein. In claims that involve lost time from work, this contact is not satisfied by the mailing of the Notice of a Reported Injury referenced herein. The purpose of this contact is to:

(a) Provide each employee with the adjuster’s name and contact information, which shall include the adjuster’s direct phone number, fax number, email address, and mailing address; and,

(b) Investigate the facts of the claim and obtain a history of prior claims, including work history, wages, and job duties.

(2) Adjusters shall make personal, written or telephone contact with the employer within two (2) business days of the notice of the injury to verify details regarding the claim.

(3) An adjuster assigned to a claim which had previously been assigned to a different adjuster shall make verbal or written contact with the employee within two (2) business days of the assignment and shall provide the employee with the newly assigned adjuster’s name and contact information, which shall include that adjuster’s direct phone number, fax number, email address, and mailing address. In instances involving a mass transfer of files, such as might occur if an adjusting entity purchased or merged with another adjusting entity, the time required to provide this notice will be extended to seven (7) business days.

(4) In claims when compensability is questioned, adjusters shall contact all authorized medical providers, or their staff members, who have rendered medical services to an employee within three (3) business days of an initial office visit to investigate details concerning the injury and treatment and make a preliminary compensability determination.

(5) All employers, adjusting entities and providers of services related to workers compensation claims in the State of Tennessee subject to provisions of the Workers’ Compensation Law shall provide the Bureau all information and documentation that is requested, and only that information that is requested, for the purposes of monitoring, examining, or investigating the entity’s operations and processes within ten (10) calendar days unless the Bureau allows an extension of time.


0800-02-14-.06 PAYMENT OF BENEFITS.

(1) Benefits are deemed paid when addressed to the last known address of the employee or dependent and deposited in the U.S. Mail or when funds are transferred to a financial institution for deposit in the employee’s or dependent’s account by approved electronic equivalent.

(2) All employees temporary total disability benefits shall be issued accurately and timely to assure the injured employee receives the benefits on or before the date they are due. To help ensure accuracy, Adjusters shall verify the average weekly wage of the employee with the employer consistent with the Bureau’s requirements and the requirements of the Workers’ Compensation Law. A Wage Statement, available on the Bureau’s website, shall be filed with the Bureau upon request pursuant to Rule 0800-02-21-.10(3).
(Rule 0800-02-14-.06, continued)

(a) To be considered timely, initial temporary total disability payments must be paid to the employee no later than fifteen (15) calendar days after the date the disability begins and every subsequent payment is made within consecutive fifteen (15) calendar day increments, until all temporary total benefits have been paid. Each payment must indicate the time period covered by the payment.

(3) All temporary partial disability benefits shall be issued timely, as per T.C.A § 50-6-207(2).

(4) Funeral expenses, including burial or cremation expenses, must be paid within a reasonable period of time, not to exceed thirty (30) days from the date of submission of invoice.

(5) All disability and death benefits shall be paid by check or direct deposit unless prior written permission for an alternative means of payment is given by the Administrator and the employee or employee’s dependents have signed a written agreement allowing an alternative means.

**Authority:** T.C.A. §§ 50-6-201, 50-6-205, 50-6-225, 50-6-233, 50-6-237, 50-6-409, and 50-6-419.  

0800-02-14-.07 MEDICAL COSTS.

(1) All medical costs owed under the Tennessee Workers’ Compensation Law shall be paid pursuant to the Medical Fee Schedule contained in Rules 0800-02-17, 0800-02-18 and 0800-02-19.

**Authority:** T.C.A. §§ 50-6-204, 50-6-233, and 50-6-419.  

0800-02-14-.08 RESOLUTION PROCESS.

(1) The permanent impairment rating and date of maximum medical improvement determined by the treating physician, and other information needed to settle a claim shall be documented in writing on a form prescribed by the Administrator and provided, at no cost, to the employee within thirty (30) calendar days of its receipt by the adjuster.

(2) Adjusters shall make an offer of settlement in writing within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of information specified above. If settlement is not agreed upon, a Benefit Review Conference or an Alternative Dispute Resolution, whichever is appropriate, may be requested by either party in accordance with the Bureau’s rules.

(3) All settlements shall be reduced to writing and shall be finalized by order or approval of an appropriate court, as required by the Workers’ Compensation Law. A copy of the court order or Bureau approval and appropriate Statistical Data Form shall be filed timely with the Bureau.

**Authority:** T.C.A. §§ 50-6-206, 50-6-233, 50-6-237, 50-6-240, 50-6-244, and 50-6-419.  

0800-02-14-.09 CLAIMS RESOLUTION FILING REQUIREMENTS.

(1) The appropriate resolution form must be submitted to the Bureau in all claims when they are resolved.
In matters concluded by settlement or resolved by trial, the employer or the employer’s agent must file a fully completed appropriate version of the Statistical Data Form contemporaneously with the filing of the final order or settlement.

1. To be considered fully complete, the form must contain all required data, as determined by the Bureau, and reflect information that is current as of the date the information is submitted to the court for approval, whether or not an appeal of the matter is anticipated or filed.

2. The employee and any agent of the employee must cooperate with the adjusting entities in completing the statistical data form.

In matters not concluded by settlement or resolved by trial, adjusting entities must submit the required information via EDI within thirty (30) days following the final payment of compensation. The filing must include all compensation benefits paid on a claim, including all disability benefits, medical expenses (including in-patient, out-patient, pharmacy, case management, therapy, etc.), death benefits and funeral expenses, and legal costs.

A fully completed appropriate version of the Statistical Data Form is also required for every workers’ compensation matter even if the only issue resolved is the closing of future medical benefits that had remained open pursuant to a prior order. This requirement applies even if a statistical data form was filed at the time of submission of the prior order.

Pursuant to T.C.A. § 50-6-244, an order of the court is not final until the Statistical Data Form has been completed and filed with the appropriate clerk of the court or Bureau office.

If the Administrator or the Administrator’s designee determines that an employer or the employer’s agent fails to fully complete or timely file the statistical data form, the Bureau may assess a civil penalty against the offending party not to exceed one hundred dollars ($100) per violation. A party assessed a penalty by the Administrator pursuant to this subsection may appeal the penalty by requesting a contested case hearing pursuant to Rule 0800-02-13.

(Rule 0800-02-14-.10, continued)

(f) The alleged or suspected harassment, coercion or intimidation of any party;

(g) Timeliness of the response to a Request for Assistance, Petition for Benefits Determination or any equivalent form;

(h) Timeliness of the compliance with an Order from a Judge of the Court of Workers' Compensation Claims or Workers’ Compensation Appeals Board, a Workers’ Compensation Specialist, Administrative Law Judge, or an Administrator’s Designee;

(i) Claims-handling practices;

(j) Timeliness of authorizing medical treatment and medications;

(k) Mailing of the Notice of a Reported Injury;

(l) Mailing of the Notice of Employer Rights and Responsibilities in a Workers’ Compensation Claim required by Rule 0800-02-01 to the employer.

(2) Reports resulting from the Bureau’s monitoring, examination or investigation conducted under this Chapter are considered public records and may be shared in any means deemed appropriate by the Bureau and may include publicizing those adjusting entities that exceed or fail to meet the Bureau’s established thresholds for claims handling excellence.

(3) In addition to other penalties provided by applicable law and regulation, violations of any of the above rules shall be subject to enforcement by the Administrator pursuant to T.C.A. § 50-6-419(c).


0800-02-14-.11 FRAUD.

All provisions regarding the detecting, prosecuting, and/or preventing of workers’ compensation fraud shall be governed by T.C.A. § 50-6-127 and Title 56, Chapter 47.