RULES
OF
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BOARD FOR LICENSING HEALTH CARE FACILITIES

CHAPTER 1200-08-34
STANDARDS FOR HOME CARE ORGANIZATIONS
PROVIDING PROFESSIONAL SUPPORT SERVICES

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1200-08-34-.01 DEFINITIONS.

(1) Abuse. The willful infliction of injury, unreasonable confinement, intimidation or punishment with resulting physical harm, pain or mental anguish.

(2) Administrator. A person who establishes policies and procedures and is responsible for the activities of the agency and its staff. This person may be a physician, registered nurse, therapist, or a person with at least one (1) year experience in a health or disability related field. The administrator of a home care organization may serve as both a home health agency and professional support service agency administrator if both agencies are owned by the same corporation or legal entity.

(3) Adult. An individual who has capacity and is at least 18 years of age.

(4) Advance Directive. An individual instruction or a written statement relating to the subsequent provision of health care for the individual, including, but not limited to, a living will or a durable power of attorney for health care.

(5) Agency. A home care organization providing professional support services.

(6) Agent. An individual designated in an advance directive for health care to make a health care decision for the individual granting the power.

(7) Board. The Tennessee Board for Licensing Health Care Facilities.

(8) Capacity. An individual’s ability to understand the significant benefits, risks, and alternatives to proposed health care and to make and communicate a health care decision. These regulations do not affect the right of a consumer to make health care decisions while having the capacity to do so. A consumer shall be presumed to have capacity to make a health care decision, to give or revoke an advance directive, and to designate or disqualify a surrogate. Any person who challenges the capacity of a consumer shall have the burden of proving lack of capacity.

(9) Clinical Fellow. A Speech Language Pathologist who is in the process of obtaining his or her paid professional experience, as defined by a Communications Disorders and Sciences Board-approved accreditation agency, before being qualified for licensure.
(Rule 1200-08-34-.01, continued)

(10) Clinical Note. A written and dated notation containing a consumer assessment, responses to medications, treatments, services, any changes in condition and signed by a health team member who made contact with the consumer.

(11) Commissioner. The Commissioner of the Tennessee Department of Health or his or her authorized representative.

(12) Competent. A consumer who has capacity.

(13) Comprehensive Nursing assessment. An assessment conducted by a registered nurse which consists of four parts: completion of a Physical Status Review (PSR); consumer and family history; identification of health concerns, functional abilities, activities of daily living; and, completion of a head to toe physical assessment.

(14) Consumer. Any person with a primary diagnosis of mental retardation or developmental disability served through the Division of Mental Retardation Services or the Department of Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities in need of nursing, occupational, physical or speech therapy through a professional support service agency.

(15) Department. The Tennessee Department of Health.

(16) Designated Physician. A physician designated by an individual or the individual’s agent, guardian, or surrogate, to have primary responsibility for the individual’s health care or, in the absence of a designation or if the designated physician is not reasonably available, a physician who undertakes such responsibility.

(17) Do-Not-Resuscitate Order (DNR). A written order, other than a POST, not to resuscitate a patient in cardiac or respiratory arrest in accordance with accepted medical practices.

(18) Emancipated Minor. Any minor who is or has been married or has by court order or otherwise been freed from the care, custody and control of the minor’s parents.

(19) Emergency Responder. A paid or volunteer firefighter, law enforcement officer, or other public safety official or volunteer acting within the scope of his or her proper function under law or rendering emergency care at the scene of an emergency.

(20) Guardian. A judicially appointed guardian or conservator having authority to make a health care decision for an individual.

(21) Hazardous Waste. Materials whose handling, use, storage and disposal are governed by local, state or federal regulations.

(22) Health Care. Any care, treatment, service or procedure to maintain, diagnose, treat, or otherwise affect an individual’s physical or mental condition, and includes medical care as defined in T.C.A. § 32-11-103(5).

(23) Health Care Decision. Consent, refusal of consent or withdrawal of consent to health care.

(24) Health Care Decision-maker. In the case of a consumer who lacks capacity, the consumer’s health care decision-maker is one of the following: the consumer’s health care agent as specified in an advance directive, the consumer’s court-appointed guardian or conservator with health care decision-making authority, the consumer’s surrogate as determined pursuant to Rule 1200-08-34-.13 or T.C.A. § 33-3-220, the designated physician pursuant to these Rules or in the case of a minor child, the person having custody or legal guardianship.

(Rule 1200-08-34-.01, continued)

(26) Health Care Provider. A person who is licensed, certified or otherwise authorized or permitted by the laws of this state to administer health care in the ordinary course of business or practice of a profession.

(27) Individual instruction. An individual’s direction concerning a health care decision for the individual.

(28) Individual Support Plan (ISP). The document resulting from a process of person-centered planning. The ISP describes in detail the person, including his/her vision for his/her future, preferences, non-negotiables, and other information required to support the person in daily life. The ISP contains outcomes to be achieved with the assistance of the person’s Circle of Support that relate to the person’s vision for the future. The ISP is written upon a person’s enrollment in Department of Mental Retardation Services and updated thereafter as changes occur in the individual’s life, or at least annually.

(29) Infectious Waste. Solid or liquid wastes which contain pathogens with sufficient virulence and quantity such that exposure to the waste by a susceptible host could result in an infectious disease.

(30) Licensed Practical Nurse. A person currently licensed as such by the Tennessee Board of Nursing.

(31) Licensee. The person or entity to whom the license is issued. The licensee is held responsible for compliance with all rules and regulations.

(32) Life Threatening or Serious Injury. Injury requiring the consumer to undergo significant additional diagnostic or treatment measures.

(33) Medical Record. Medical histories, records, reports, clinical notes, summaries, diagnoses, prognoses, records of treatment and medication ordered and given, entries and other written electronic, or graphic data prepared, kept, made or maintained in an agency that pertains to confinement or services rendered to consumers. The medical record shall meet the standards established in the contractual agreement between the state agency financially responsible for services to individuals with mental retardation or developmental disabilities.

(34) Medically Inappropriate Treatment. Resuscitation efforts that cannot be expected either to restore cardiac or respiratory function to the consumer or other medical or surgical treatments to achieve the expressed goals of the informed consumer. In the case of the incompetent consumer, the consumer’s representative expresses the goals of the consumer.

(35) Misappropriation of Patient/Resident Property. The deliberate misplacement, exploitation or wrongful, temporary or permanent use of an individual’s belongings or money without the individual’s consent.

(36) Neglect. The failure to provide goods and services necessary to avoid physical harm, mental anguish or mental illness; however, the withholding of authorization for or provision of medical care to any terminally ill person who has executed an irrevocable living will in accordance with the Tennessee Right to Natural Death Law, or other applicable state law, if the provision of such medical care would conflict with the terms of the living will, shall not be deemed “neglect” for purposes of these rules.

(37) Occupational Therapist. A person currently licensed as such by the Tennessee Board of Occupational and Physical Therapy Examiners.
(Rule 1200-08-34-.01, continued)

(38) Occupational Therapy Assistant. A person currently licensed as such by the Tennessee Board of Occupational and Physical Therapy Examiners.

(39) Person. An individual, corporation, estate, trust, partnership, association, joint venture, government, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.

(40) Personally Informing. A communication by any effective means from the consumer directly to a health care provider.

(41) Physical Status Report (PSR). An instrument used by a registered nurse or other designated professional staff to determine level of risk and define the required health services and supports.

(42) Physical Therapist. A person currently licensed as such by the Tennessee Board of Occupational and Physical Therapy Examiners.

(43) Physical Therapy Assistant. A person currently licensed as such by the Tennessee Board of Occupational and Physical Therapy Examiners.

(44) Physician. An individual authorized to practice medicine or osteopathy under Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 63, Chapters 6 or 9.

(45) Physician Assistant. A person who has graduated from a physician assistant educational program accredited by the Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant, has passed the Physician Assistant National Certifying Examination, and is currently licensed in Tennessee as a physician assistant under title 63, chapter 19.

(46) Physician Orders for Scope of Treatment or POST. Written orders that:

(a) Are on a form approved by the Board for Licensing Health Care Facilities;

(b) Apply regardless of the treatment setting and that are signed as required herein by the patient's physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist; and

(c) Specify whether, in the event the patient suffers cardiac or respiratory arrest, cardiopulmonary resuscitation should or should not be attempted;

2. Specify other medical interventions that are to be provided or withheld; or

3. Specify both 1 and 2.

(47) Plan of Care. Health care plan resulting from the comprehensive nursing assessment and/or therapy plan identifying the need for nursing, physical, occupational, or speech therapy for consumers of professional support services. The plan shall meet the standards established in the contractual agreement between the state agency financially responsible for services to individuals with mental retardation or developmental disabilities.

(48) Power of Attorney for Health Care. The designation of an agent to make health care decisions for the individual granting the power under T.C.A. Title 34, Chapter 6, Part 2.
(Rule 1200-08-34-.01, continued)

(49) Professional Support Services. Nursing, occupational, physical or speech therapy services provided to individuals with mental retardation or developmental disabilities pursuant to a contract with the state agency financially responsible for such services.

(50) Qualified Emergency Medical Service Personnel. Includes, but shall not be limited to, emergency medical technicians, paramedics, or other emergency services personnel, providers, or entities acting within the usual course of their professions, and other emergency responders.

(51) Reasonably Available. Readily able to be contacted without undue effort and willing and able to act in a timely manner considering the urgency of the consumer’s health care needs. Such availability shall include, but not be limited to, availability by telephone.

(52) Registered Nurse. A person currently licensed as such by the Tennessee Board of Nursing.

(53) Shall or Must. Compliance is mandatory.

(54) Site Code. An approved location from which the professional support services may be provided as deemed by the Department of Mental Retardation Services with written notice provided to the Department of Health by the professional support service agency for each site code approved for such agency.

(55) Speech Language Pathologist. As defined in T.C.A. § 63-17-103, a person currently licensed as such by the Tennessee Board of Communications Disorders and Sciences.

(56) State. A state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or a territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

(57) Supervising Health Care Provider. The designated physician or, if there is no designated physician or the designated physician is not reasonably available, the health care provider who has undertaken primary responsibility for an individual’s health care.

(58) Supervision. Authoritative procedural guidance by a qualified person for the accomplishment of a function or activity with initial direction and periodic inspection of the actual act of accomplishing the function or activity. Periodic supervision must be provided if the person is not a licensed or certified assistant, unless otherwise provided in accordance with these rules.

(59) Surrogate. An individual, other than a consumer’s agent or guardian, authorized to make a health care decision for the consumer.

(60) Treating Health Care Provider. A health care provider who at the time is directly or indirectly involved in providing health care to the consumer.


1200-08-34-.02 LICENSING PROCEDURES.

(1) No person, partnership, association, corporation, or state, county or local government unit, or any division, department, board or agency thereof, shall establish, conduct, operate, or maintain in the State of Tennessee any home care organization providing professional
support services without having a license. A license shall be issued only to the person or persons named and only for the premises listed in the application for licensure. The name of the home care organization providing professional support services shall not be changed without first notifying the department in writing. Licenses are not transferable or assignable and shall expire and become invalid annually on the anniversary date of their original issuance. The license shall be conspicuously posted in the home care organization providing professional support services.

(2) In order to make application for a license:

(a) The applicant shall submit an application on a form prepared by the department.

(b) The home care organization must maintain a contract with the Department of Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities (DIDD). Failure to maintain this contract is a violation of this rule and will subject the license of the home care organization to disciplinary action.

(c) Home care organizations authorized to provide only professional support services shall pay an annual fee of one thousand four hundred and four dollars ($1,404.00), except that this annual fee shall be three hundred and fifty-one dollars ($351.00) for (i) home care organizations that also pay a fee to be licensed by the Department of Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities; (ii) home care organizations owned and operated by therapists who pay a fee to be licensed under Title 63, Chapter 13 or 17; or (iii) home care organizations that are owned and controlled by another home care organization that pays an annual license fee of at least one thousand four hundred and four dollars ($1,404.00). The fee must be submitted with the initial application or renewal application and is not refundable.

(d) The issuance of an application form is in no way a guarantee that the completed application will be accepted or that a license will be issued by the department. Consumers shall not be admitted to the agency until a license has been issued. Applicants shall not hold themselves out to the public as being an agency until the license has been issued. A license shall not be issued until the agency is in substantial compliance with these rules, including submission of all information required by T.C.A. § 68-11-206(1) or as later amended, and all information required by the Commissioner.

(e) The applicant must prove the ability to meet the financial needs of the agency providing professional support services.

(f) The applicant shall not use subterfuge or other evasive means to obtain a license, such as filing for a license through a second party when an individual has been denied a license or has had a license disciplined or has attempted to avoid inspection and review process.

(g) The applicant shall allow the home care organization providing professional support services to be inspected by a Department surveyor. In the event that deficiencies are noted, the applicant shall submit a plan of corrective action to the Board that must be accepted by the Board. Once the deficiencies have been corrected, then the Board shall consider the application for licensure.

(3) A proposed change of ownership must be reported to the department a minimum of thirty (30) days prior to the change. A new application and fee must be received by the department before the license may be issued.

(a) For the purposes of licensing, the licensee of an agency has the ultimate responsibility for the operation of the agency, including the final authority to make or control
operational decisions and legal responsibility for the business management. A change of ownership occurs whenever this ultimate legal authority for the responsibility of the agency’s operation is transferred.

(b) A change of ownership occurs whenever there is a change in the legal structure by which the facility is owned and operated and any ownership interest of the preceding or succeeding entity changes.

(c) Transactions constituting a change of ownership include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Transfer of the facility’s legal title;
2. Lease of the facility’s operation;
3. Dissolution of any partnership that owns, or owns a controlling interest in, the facility;
4. One partnership is replaced by another through the removal, addition or substitution of a partner;
5. Merger of a facility owner (a corporation) into another corporation where, after the merger, the owner’s shares of capital stock are canceled;
6. The consolidation of a corporate facility owner with one or more corporations; or,
7. Transfers between levels of government.

(d) Transactions which do not constitute a change of ownership include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Changes in the membership of a corporate board of directors or board of trustees;
2. Two (2) or more corporations merge and the originally-licensed corporation survives;
3. Changes in the membership of a non-profit corporation;
4. Transfers between departments of the same level of government; or,
5. Corporate stock transfers or sales, even when a controlling interest.

(e) Management agreements are generally not changes of ownership if the owner continues to retain ultimate authority for the operation of the facility. However, if the ultimate authority is surrendered and transferred from the owner to a new manager, then a change of ownership has occurred.

(f) Sale/lease-back agreements shall not be treated as changes in ownership if the lease involves the facility’s entire real and personal property and if the identity of the leasee, who shall continue the operation, retains the same legal form as the former owner.

(4) Renewal.

(a) In order to renew a license, each home care organization providing professional support services shall submit to periodic inspections by Department surveyors for compliance
with these rules. If deficiencies are noted, the licensee shall submit an acceptable plan of corrective action and shall remedy the deficiencies. In addition, each licensee shall submit a renewal form approved by the board and applicable renewal fee prior to the expiration date of the license.

(b) If a licensee fails to renew its license prior to the date of its expiration but submits the renewal form and fee within sixty (60) days thereafter, the licensee may renew late by paying, in addition to the renewal fee, a late penalty of one hundred dollars ($100) per month for each month or fraction of a month that renewal is late; provided that the late penalty shall not exceed twice the renewal fee.

(c) In the event that a licensee fails to renew its license within the sixty (60) day grace period following the license expiration date, then the licensee shall reapply for a license by submitting the following to the Board office:

1. A completed application for licensure;

2. The license fee provided in rule 1200-08-34-.02(2)(b); and

3. Any other information required by the Health Services and Development Agency.

(d) Upon reapplication, the licensee shall submit to an inspection of the facility by Department of Health surveyors.


1200-08-34-.03 DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES.

(1) The Board may suspend or revoke a license for:

(a) Violation of federal or state statutes;

(b) Violation of the rules as set forth in this chapter;

(c) Permitting, aiding or abetting the commission of any illegal act in the agency or the consumer’s home; or

(d) Conduct or practice found by the Board to be detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of the consumers of the agency.

(2) The Board may consider all factors which it deems relevant, including but not limited to the following when determining sanctions:

(a) The degree of sanctions necessary to ensure immediate and continued compliance;
(Rule 1200-08-34-.03, continued)

(b) The character and degree of impact of the violation on the health, safety and welfare of the consumer of the agency;

(c) The conduct of the agency in taking all feasible steps or procedures necessary or appropriate to comply or correct the violation; and

(d) Any prior violations by the agency of statutes, rules or orders of the Board.

(3) Inappropriate transfers are prohibited and violation of the transfer provisions shall be deemed sufficient grounds to suspend or revoke an agency’s license.

(4) When an agency is found by the Department to have committed a violation of this chapter, the Department will issue to the agency a statement of deficiencies. Within ten (10) days of receipt of the statement of deficiencies the agency must return a plan of correction indicating the following:

(a) How the deficiency will be corrected;

(b) The date upon which each deficiency will be corrected;

(c) What measures or systemic changes will be put in place to ensure that the deficient practice does not recur; and

(d) How the corrective action will be monitored to ensure that the deficient practice does not recur.

(5) Either failure to submit a plan of correction in a timely manner or a finding by the department that the plan of correction is unacceptable shall subject the agency’s license to possible disciplinary action.

(6) Any licensee or applicant for a license, aggrieved by a decision or action of the department or Board, pursuant to this chapter, may request a hearing before the Board. The proceedings and judicial review of the Board’s decision shall be in accordance with the Uniform Administrative Procedures Act, T.C.A. §§ 4-5-101, et seq.

(7) Reconsideration and Stays. The Board authorizes the member who chaired the Board for a contested case to be the agency member to make the decisions authorized pursuant to rule 1360-04-01-.18 regarding petitions for reconsiderations and stays in that case.


1200-08-34-.04 ADMINISTRATION.

(1) The home care organization providing professional support services must organize, manage and administer its services to attain and maintain the highest practicable functional capacity for each consumer regarding nursing and therapy needs as indicated by the plan of care.

(2) The agency shall develop and maintain administrative control of any site code.

(3) The organizational structure, professional support services provided, administrative control and lines of authority for the delegation of responsibility down to the consumer care level shall be clearly set forth in writing and shall be readily identifiable. Administrative and supervisory functions shall not be delegated to another agency.
(4) A governing body (or designated person(s) so functioning) must: assume full legal authority and responsibility for the management and provision of all professional support services; fiscal operations; quality assessment and performance improvement programs. The governing body shall appoint a qualified administrator who is responsible for the day-to-day operation of the organization and is responsible for designating people to carry out these functions.

(5) The administrator shall organize and direct the organization’s ongoing functions, the professional personnel and the staff; employ qualified personnel and ensure adequate staff education and evaluation for all personnel involved in direct care; ensure the accuracy of public information materials and activities; and implement an effective budgeting and accounting system. A person with sufficient experience and training shall be authorized in writing to assume temporary duty during the administrator’s short-term absence. The designee may be a physician, registered nurse, or a therapist.

(6) An agency shall have a duly qualified administrator accessible during normal operating hours. Any change of administrators shall be reported to the Department within fifteen (15) days.

(7) An administrator shall serve no more than one (1) licensed home care organization unless that home care organization provides other categories of home care organization services under the same ownership and at the same location.

(8) The agency shall maintain an office with a working telephone that is staffed or takes voice messages during normal business hours.

(9) When licensure is applicable for a particular position of employment, a copy of the current license or the number and renewal number of the employee’s current license must be maintained in the employee’s personnel file. Each personnel file shall contain accurate information as to the education, training, experience and personnel background of the employee. Proof of adequate medical screenings to exclude communicable disease shall be maintained in the file of each employee.

(10) Personnel practices shall be supported by written personnel policies. Personnel records shall include at a minimum: job descriptions, verification of references and credentials, and performance evaluations. Personnel records must be kept current. Agencies employing only one (1) staff member must maintain a personnel record with verification of current credentials.

(11) An ongoing educational program shall be planned and conducted for the development and improvement of skills of all the agency’s personnel engaged in delivery of professional support services. Each employee shall receive appropriate orientation to the agency, its policies, the employee’s position, and the employee’s duties. Records shall be maintained which indicate the subject of and attendance at such staff development programs.

(12) If personnel, under hourly or per visit contracts, are utilized by the agency, there shall be a written contract between such personnel and the agency clearly designating:

(a) That consumers are accepted for care only by the agency;

(b) Which professional support services are to be provided;

(c) That it is necessary to conform to all applicable agency policies including personnel qualifications;

(d) The responsibility for participating in developing plans of care;
(Rule 1200-08-34-.04, continued)
(e) The manner in which professional support services will be controlled, coordinated and evaluated by the agency;
(f) The procedures for submitting clinical and progress notes, scheduling visits and periodic consumer evaluations; and
(g) The procedures for determining charges and reimbursement.

(13) Supervision of unlicensed personnel must occur at a minimum of every thirty (30) days and must include direct observation of the provision of care, record review and individual conferences.

(14) Whenever the rules of this chapter require that a licensee develop a written policy, plan, procedure, technique or system concerning a subject, the licensee shall develop the required policy, maintain it and adhere to its provisions. An agency which violates a required policy also violates the rule establishing the requirement.

(15) Policies and procedures shall be consistent with professionally recognized standards of practice.

(16) All agencies shall adopt appropriate policies regarding the testing of consumers and staff for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and any other identified causative agent of acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

(17) No agency shall retaliate against or, in any manner, discriminate against any person because of a complaint made in good faith and without malice to the Board, the Department, the Department of Human Services Adult Protective Services, the state agency financially responsible for services to consumers, or the Comptroller of the State Treasury. An agency shall neither retaliate nor discriminate because of information lawfully provided to these authorities, because of a person’s cooperation with them or because a person is subpoenaed to testify at a hearing involving one of these authorities.

(18) All health care facilities licensed pursuant to T.C.A. §§ 68-11-201, et seq. shall post the following in the main public entrance:
(a) Contact information including statewide toll-free number of the division of adult protective services, and the number for the local district attorney’s office;
(b) A statement that a person of advanced age who may be the victim of abuse, neglect, or exploitation may seek assistance or file a complaint with the division concerning abuse, neglect and exploitation; and
(c) A statement that any person, regardless of age, who may be the victim of domestic violence may call the nationwide domestic violence hotline, with that number printed in boldface type, for immediate assistance and posted on a sign no smaller than eight and one-half inches (8½”) in width and eleven inches (11”) in height.

Postings of (a) and (b) shall be on a sign no smaller than eleven inches (11”) in width and seventeen inches (17”) in height.

(19) “No smoking” signs or the international “No Smoking” symbol, consisting of a pictorial representation of a burning cigarette enclosed in a red circle with a red bar across it, shall be clearly and conspicuously posted at every entrance.

(20) The facility shall develop a concise statement of its charity care policies and shall post such statement in a place accessible to the public.
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(Rule 1200-08-34-.04, continued)


1200-08-34-.05 ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, AND TRANSFERS.

(1) Consumers shall be accepted to receive professional support services on the basis of a reasonable expectation that the consumer's nursing and therapy needs can be met adequately by the agency.

(2) Professional support services shall be provided as prescribed by the attending physician. The plan for providing professional support services and the expected outcomes shall be incorporated into the consumer's plan of care or individual support plan.

(3) The agency staff shall determine if the consumer's needs can be met by the agency's services and capabilities.

(4) Every person admitted for professional support services by any agency covered by these rules shall be provided services as prescribed by the consumer's physician, as defined in this chapter, who holds a license in good standing. The name of the consumer's attending physician shall be recorded in the consumer's medical record.

(5) The agency staff shall obtain the consumer's or his/her designee's written consent for professional support services.

(6) The signed consent form shall be included with the consumer's individual clinical record.

(7) A diagnosis must be entered in the admission records of the agency for every person admitted for care or treatment.

(8) No medication or treatment shall be provided to any consumer of an agency except on the order of a physician lawfully authorized to give such an order.

(9) A medical record shall be developed and maintained for each consumer admitted.

(10) The agency’s discharge planning process, including discharge policies and procedures, must be in writing and follow the guidelines established in the written agreement between the agency and the Department of Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities (DIDD). If the agency determines that they are no longer willing or able to provide services, they must comply with the following:

(a) Prior to discontinuation of authorized services, the agency shall obtain approval from the DIDD;

(b) The agency shall notify the consumer, their conservator or guardian, the support coordinator, and DIDD no less than sixty (60) days prior to the planned discharge;

(c) If the consumer or his/her representative request an appeal in accordance with T.C.A. §§ 33-2-601, et seq., the discharge will not occur prior to the final agency decision and resolution of the administrative appeal unless ordered by a court and approved by the state;
(d) The agency shall continue to provide services until the consumer is provided with other services that are of acceptable and appropriate quality in order to maintain continuity of care; and

(e) If the consumer or his/her representative request to be discharged from the agency, the agency will follow the steps as outlined above and provide transfer documentation to new provider, if requested, in order to maintain continuity of care and facilitate transfer.

(11) The agency shall ensure that no person on the grounds of race, color, national origin or handicap, will be excluded from participation in, be denied benefits of, or otherwise subjected to discrimination in the provision of any care or service of the agency. The agency shall protect the civil rights of residents under the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.


1200-08-34-.06 BASIC AGENCY FUNCTIONS.

(1) All personnel providing professional support services shall assure that their efforts effectively complement other services provided to the consumer, are functionally integrated into the individual daily routine and support the outcome outlined in the individual support plan. A written report of progress shall be provided to the consumer’s support coordinator/case manager monthly. A written summary report for each consumer shall be sent to the attending physician at least annually.

(2) Plan of Care.

(a) The written plan of care, developed in consultation with the agency staff, shall cover all pertinent diagnoses, including mental status, types of services and equipment required, frequency of services, prognosis, rehabilitation potential, functional limitations, activities permitted, nutritional requirements, medications and treatments, any safety measures to protect against injury, instructions for timely discharge or referral, and any other appropriate items. If a physician refers a consumer under a plan of care which cannot be completed until after an evaluation visit, the physician shall be consulted to approve additions or modifications to the original plan. Orders for professional support services shall include the specific treatment or modalities to be used and their amount, frequency and duration. The therapist and other agency personnel shall participate in developing the plan of care.

(b) The plan(s) of care for acute or episodic illness shall be reviewed by the attending physician and agency personnel involved in the consumer’s care as often as the severity of the consumer’s condition requires, but at least annually. Plans of care resulting from Comprehensive Nursing Assessment will be reviewed in accordance with the physical status review schedule. Evidence of review by the physician must include the physician’s signature and date of the review on the plan of care. A facsimile of the physician’s signature is acceptable. Professional staff shall promptly alert the physician to any changes that suggest a need to alter the plan of care.

(3) Drugs and treatments shall be administered by appropriately licensed agency personnel, acting within the scope of their licenses. Orders for drugs and treatments shall be signed and dated by the physician.

(4) Skilled Nursing Services.
(Rule 1200-08-34-.06, continued)

(a) When skilled nursing is provided, the services shall be provided by or under the supervision of a registered nurse who has no current disciplinary action against his/her license, in accordance with the plan of care. This person shall be available at all times during operating hours and participate in all activities relevant to the professional support services provided, including the development of qualifications and assignment of personnel.

(b) The registered nurse’s duties shall include but are not limited to the following: make the initial evaluation visit, except in those circumstances where the physician has ordered therapy services as the only skilled service; regularly evaluate the consumer’s nursing needs; initiate the plan of care and necessary revisions; provide those services requiring substantial specialized nursing skill; initiate appropriate preventive and rehabilitative nursing procedures; prepare clinical and progress notes; coordinate services; inform the physician and other personnel of changes in the consumer’s condition and needs; counsel the consumer and family in meeting nursing and related needs; participate in in-service programs; supervise and teach other nursing personnel. The registered nurse or appropriate agency staff shall initially and periodically evaluate drug interactions, duplicative drug therapy and non-compliance to drug therapy.

(c) The licensed practical nurse shall provide services in accordance with agency policies, which may include but are not limited to the following: prepare clinical and progress notes; assist the physician and/or registered nurse in performing specialized procedures; prepare equipment and materials for treatments; observe aseptic technique as required; and assist the consumer in learning appropriate self-care techniques.

(5) Therapy Services.

(a) All therapy services offered by the agency directly or under arrangement shall be planned, delegated, supervised or provided by a qualified therapist in accordance with the plan of care. A qualified therapist assistant may provide therapy services under the supervision of a qualified therapist in accordance with the plan of care. The therapist shall assist the physician in evaluating the level of function, helping develop the plan of care (revising as necessary), preparing clinical and progress notes, advising and consulting with the family and other agency personnel, and participating in in-service programs.

(b) Speech therapy services shall be provided only by or under supervision of a qualified speech language pathologist in good standing, or by a person qualified as a Clinical Fellow subject to Tennessee Board of Communications Disorders and Sciences Rule 1370-01-.10.

(6) Performance Improvement.

(a) An agency shall have a committee or mechanism in place to review, at least annually, past and present professional support services including contract services, in accordance with a written plan, to determine their appropriateness and effectiveness and to ascertain that professional policies are followed in providing these services.

(b) The objectives of the review committee shall be:

1. To assist the agency in using its personnel and facilities to meet individual and community needs;

2. To identify and correct deficiencies which undermine quality of care and lead to waste of agency and personnel resources;
3. To help the agency make critical judgments regarding the quality and quantity of its services through self-examination;

4. To provide opportunities to evaluate the effectiveness of agency policies and when necessary make recommendations to the administration as to controls or changes needed to assure high standards of consumer care;

5. To augment in-service staff education, when applicable;

6. To provide data needed to satisfy state licensure and certification requirements;

7. To establish criteria to measure the effectiveness and efficiency of the professional support services provided to consumers; and

8. To develop a record review system for the agency to evaluate the necessity or appropriateness of the professional support services provided and their effectiveness and efficiency.

(7) Infection Control.

(a) There must be an active performance improvement program for developing guidelines, policies, procedures and techniques for the prevention, control and investigation of infections and communicable diseases.

(b) Formal provisions must be developed to educate and orient all appropriate personnel and/or family members in the practice of aseptic techniques such as handwashing and scrubbing practices, proper hygiene, use of personal protective equipment, dressing care techniques, disinfecting and sterilizing techniques, and the handling and storage of consumer care equipment and supplies.

(c) A Home Care Organization Providing Professional Support Services shall have an annual influenza vaccination program which shall include at least:

1. The offer of influenza vaccination to all staff and independent practitioners at no cost to the person or acceptance of documented evidence of vaccination from another vaccine source or facility. The Home Care Organization Providing Professional Support Services will encourage all staff and independent practitioners to obtain an influenza vaccination;

2. A signed declination statement on record from all who refuse the influenza vaccination for reasons other than medical contraindications (a sample form is available at https://www.tn.gov/content/dam/tn/health/documents/SampleIndividualFluForm.pdf);

3. Education of all employees about the following:

   (i) Flu vaccination,

   (ii) Non-vaccine control measures, and

   (iii) The diagnosis, transmission, and potential impact of influenza;

4. An annual evaluation of the influenza vaccination program and reasons for non-participation; and
5. A statement that the requirements to complete vaccinations or declination statements shall be suspended by the administrator in the event of a vaccine shortage as declared by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee.

(d) Continuing education shall be provided for all agency consumer care providers on the cause, effect, transmission, prevention and elimination of infections, as evidenced by the ability to verbalize/or demonstrate an understanding of basic techniques.

(e) The agency shall develop policies and procedures for testing a consumer’s blood for the presence of the hepatitis B virus and the HIV (AIDS) virus in the event that an employee of the agency, a student studying at the agency or other health care provider rendering services at the agency is exposed to a consumer’s blood or other body fluid. The testing shall be performed at no charge to the consumer, and the test results shall be confidential.

(f) The agency and its employees shall adopt and utilize standard precautions (per CDC) for preventing transmission of infections, HIV and communicable diseases.

(g) Precautions shall be taken to prevent the contamination of sterile and clean supplies by soiled supplies. Sterile supplies shall be packaged and stored in a manner that protects the sterility of the contents.

(8) Medical Records.

(a) A medical record containing past and current findings in accordance with accepted professional standards shall be maintained for every consumer receiving professional support services. In addition to the plan of care, the record shall contain: appropriate identifying information; name of physician; all medications and treatments; signed and dated clinical notes. Clinical notes shall be written the day on which service is rendered and incorporated no less often than weekly; copies of summary reports shall be sent to the physician; and a discharge summary shall be dated and signed within 7 days of discharge.

(b) All medical records, either in written, electronic, graphic or other acceptable form, must be retained in their original or legally reproduced form for a minimum period of at least ten (10) years after which such records may be destroyed. However, in cases of consumers under mental disability or minority, their complete agency records shall be retained for the period of minority or known mental disability, plus one (1) year, or ten (10) years following the discharge of the consumer, whichever is longer. Records destruction shall be accomplished by burning, shredding or other effective method in keeping with the confidential nature of the contents. The destruction of records must be made in the ordinary course of business, must be documented and in accordance with the agency’s policies and procedures, and no record may be destroyed on an individual basis.

(c) Even if the agency discontinues operations, records shall be maintained as mandated by this chapter and the Tennessee Medical Records Act (T.C.A. §§ 68-11-308). If a consumer is transferred to another health care facility or agency, a copy of the record or an abstract shall accompany the consumer when the agency is directly involved in the transfer.

(d) Medical records information shall be safeguarded against loss or unauthorized use. Written procedures shall govern use and removal of records and conditions for release of information. The consumer’s written consent shall be required for release of information when the release is not otherwise authorized by law.
(Rule 1200-08-34-.06, continued)

(e) For purposes of this rule, the requirements for signature or countersignature by a physician or other person responsible for signing, countersigning or authenticating an entry may be satisfied by the electronic entry by such person of a unique code assigned exclusively to him or her, or by entry of other unique electronic or mechanical symbols, provided that such person has adopted same as his or her signature in accordance with established protocol or rules.


1200-08-34-.07 RESERVED.

1200-08-34-.08 RESERVED.

1200-08-34-.09 RESERVED.

1200-08-34-.10 INFECTIOUS AND HAZARDOUS WASTE.

(1) Each agency must develop, maintain and implement written policies and procedures for the definition and handling of its infectious and hazardous waste. These policies and procedures must comply with the standards of this rule and all other applicable state and federal regulations.

(2) The following waste shall be considered to be infectious waste:

(a) Waste human blood and blood products such as serum, plasma, and other blood components;

(b) All discarded sharps (including but not limited to, hypodermic needles, syringes, pasteur pipettes, broken glass, scalpel blades) used in consumer care; and

(c) Other waste determined to be infectious by the agency in its written policy.

(3) Waste must be packaged in a manner that will protect waste handlers and the public from possible injury and disease that may result from exposure to the waste. Such packaging must provide for containment of the waste from the point of generation up to the point of proper treatment or disposal. Packaging must be selected and utilized for the type of waste the package will contain, how the waste will be treated and disposed, and how it will be handled and transported prior to treatment and disposal.

(a) Contaminated sharps must be directly placed in leakproof, rigid and puncture-resistant containers which must then be tightly sealed.

(b) Infectious and hazardous waste must be secured in fastened plastic bags before placement in a garbage can with other household waste.

(c) Reusable containers for infectious waste must be thoroughly sanitized each time they are emptied, unless the surfaces of the containers have been completely protected from contamination by disposable liners or other devices removed with the waste.
(Rule 1200-08-34-.10, continued)

(4) After packaging, waste must be handled, transported and stored by methods ensuring containment and preserving of the integrity of the packaging, including the use of secondary containment where necessary.

(5) Waste must be stored in a manner which preserves the integrity of the packaging, inhibits rapid microbial growth and putrefaction, and minimizes the potential of exposure or access by unknowing persons. Waste must be stored in a manner and location which affords protection from animals, precipitation, wind and direct sunlight, does not present a safety hazard, does not provide a breeding place or food source for insects or rodents and does not create a nuisance.

(6) In the event of spills, ruptured packaging, or other incidents where there is a loss of containment of waste, the agency must ensure that proper actions are immediately taken to:

(a) Isolate the area;

(b) Repackage all spilled waste and contaminated debris in accordance with the requirements of this rule; and,

(c) Sanitize all contaminated equipment and surfaces appropriately.


1200-08-34-.11 RECORDS AND REPORTS.

(1) The agency shall retain legible copies of the following records and reports for thirty-six (36) months following their issuance. They shall be maintained in a single file and shall be made available for inspection during normal business hours to any person who requests to view them:

(a) Department licensure and fire safety inspections and surveys;

(b) Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) surveys and inspections, if any;

(c) Orders of the Commissioner or Board, if any; and

(d) Comptroller of the Treasury’s audit report and finding, if any.

(2) The agency providing professional support services shall report all incidents of abuse, neglect, and misappropriation to the Department of Health in accordance with T.C.A. § 68-11-211.

(3) The agency providing professional support services shall report the following incidents to the Department of Health in accordance with T.C.A. § 68-11-211.

(a) Strike by staff at the facility;

(b) External disasters impacting the facility;

(c) Disruption of any service vital to the continued safe operation of the home care organization providing professional support services or to the health and safety of its consumers and personnel; and
(Rule 1200-08-34-.11, continued)

(d) Fires at the home care organization providing professional support services that disrupt the provision of consumer services or cause harm to the consumers or staff, or that are reported by the facility to any entity, including but not limited to a fire department charged with preventing fires.


1200-08-34-.12 CONSUMER RIGHTS.

(1) Each consumer has at least the following rights:

(a) To privacy in treatment and personal care;
(b) To have appropriate assessment and management of pain;
(c) To be involved in the decision making and all aspects of their care;
(d) To be free from mental and physical abuse. Should this right be violated, the agency must notify the Department within five (5) business days and the Tennessee Department of Human Services, Adult Protective Services as required by T.C.A. §§ 71-6-101 et seq.;
(e) To refuse treatment. The consumer must be informed of the consequences of that decision, and the refusal and its reason must be reported to the physician and documented in the medical record;
(f) To refuse experimental treatment and drugs. The consumer’s or health care decision maker’s written consent for participation in research must be obtained and retained in the medical record; and
(g) To have their records kept confidential and private. Written consent by the consumer must be obtained prior to release of information except to persons authorized by law. If the consumer lacks capacity, written consent is required from the consumer’s health care decision maker. The agency must have policies to govern access and duplication of the consumer’s record.

(2) Each consumer has a right to self-determination, which encompasses the right to make choices regarding life-sustaining treatment, including resuscitative services. This right of self-determination may be effectuated by an advance directive.


1200-08-34-.13 POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR HEALTH CARE DECISION-MAKING.

(1) Pursuant to this Rule, each professional support services agency shall maintain and establish policies and procedures governing the designation of a health care decision-maker for making health care decisions for a consumer who is incompetent or who lacks capacity, including but not limited to allowing the withholding of CPR measures from individual consumers. An adult or emancipated minor may give an individual instruction. The instruction may be oral or written. The instruction may be limited to take effect only if a specified condition arises.

June, 2019 (Revised)
(Rule 1200-08-34-.13, continued)

(2) An adult or emancipated minor may execute an advance directive for health care. The advance directive may authorize an agent to make any health care decision the consumer could have made while having capacity, or may limit the power of the agent, and may include individual instructions. The effect of an advance directive that makes no limitation on the agent's authority shall be to authorize the agent to make any health care decision the consumer could have made while having capacity.

(3) The advance directive shall be in writing, signed by the consumer, and shall either be notarized or witnessed by two (2) witnesses. Both witnesses shall be competent adults, and neither of them may be the agent. At least one (1) of the witnesses shall be a person who is not related to the consumer by blood, marriage, or adoption and would not be entitled to any portion of the estate of the consumer upon the death of the consumer. The advance directive shall contain a clause that attests that the witnesses comply with the requirements of this paragraph.

(4) Unless otherwise specified in an advance directive, the authority of an agent becomes effective only upon a determination that the consumer lacks capacity, and ceases to be effective upon a determination that the consumer has recovered capacity.

(5) A facility may use any advanced directive form that meets the requirements of the Tennessee Health Care Decisions Act or has been developed and issued by the Board for Licensing Health Care Facilities.

(6) A determination that a consumer lacks or has recovered capacity, or that another condition exists that affects an individual instruction or the authority of an agent shall be made by the designated physician, who is authorized to consult with such other persons as he or she may deem appropriate.

(7) An agent shall make a health care decision in accordance with the consumer’s individual instructions, if any, and other wishes to the extent known to the agent. Otherwise, the agent shall make the decision in accordance with the consumer’s best interest. In determining the consumer’s best interest, the agent shall consider the consumer’s personal values to the extent known.

(8) An advance directive may include the individual’s nomination of a court-appointed guardian.

(9) A health care facility shall honor an advance directive that is executed outside of this state by a nonresident of this state at the time of execution if that advance directive is in compliance with the laws of Tennessee or the state of the consumer’s residence.

(10) No health care provider or institution shall require the execution or revocation of an advance directive as a condition for being insured for, or receiving, health care.

(11) Any living will, durable power of attorney for health care, or other instrument signed by the individual, complying with the terms of Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 32, Chapter 11, and a durable power of attorney for health care complying with the terms of Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 34, Chapter 6, Part 2, shall be given effect and interpreted in accord with those respective acts. Any advance directive that does not evidence an intent to be given effect under those acts but that complies with these regulations may be treated as an advance directive under these regulations.

(12) A consumer having capacity may revoke the designation of an agent only by a signed writing or by personally informing the supervising health care provider.
(Rule 1200-08-34-.13, continued)

(13) A consumer having capacity may revoke all or part of an advance directive, other than the designation of an agent, at any time and in any manner that communicates an intent to revoke.

(14) A decree of annulment, divorce, dissolution of marriage, or legal separation revokes a previous designation of a spouse as an agent unless otherwise specified in the decree or in an advance directive.

(15) An advance directive that conflicts with an earlier advance directive revokes the earlier directive to the extent of the conflict.

(16) Surrogates.

(a) An adult or emancipated minor may designate any individual to act as surrogate by personally informing the supervising health care provider. The designation may be oral or written.

(b) A surrogate may make a health care decision for a consumer who is an adult or emancipated minor if and only if:

1. The consumer has been determined by the designated physician to lack capacity, and
2. No agent or guardian has been appointed, or
3. The agent or guardian is not reasonably available.

(c) In the case of a consumer who lacks capacity, the consumer’s surrogate shall be identified by the supervising health care provider and documented in the current clinical record of the facility at which the consumer is receiving health care.

(d) The consumer’s surrogate shall be an adult who has exhibited special care and concern for the consumer, who is familiar with the consumer’s personal values, who is reasonably available, and who is willing to serve.

(e) Consideration may be, but need not be, given in order of descending preference for service as a surrogate to:

1. The consumer’s spouse, unless legally separated;
2. The consumer’s adult child;
3. The consumer’s parent;
4. The consumer’s adult sibling;
5. Any other adult relative of the consumer; or
6. Any other adult who satisfies the requirements of 1200-08-34-.13(16)(d).

(f) No person who is the subject of a protective order or other court order that directs that person to avoid contact with the consumer shall be eligible to serve as the consumer’s surrogate.

(g) The following criteria shall be considered in the determination of the person best qualified to serve as the surrogate:
1. Whether the proposed surrogate reasonably appears to be better able to make decisions either in accordance with the known wishes of the consumer or in accordance with the consumer's best interests;

2. The proposed surrogate's regular contact with the consumer prior to and during the incapacitating illness;

3. The proposed surrogate's demonstrated care and concern;

4. The proposed surrogate's availability to visit the consumer during his or her illness; and

5. The proposed surrogate's availability to engage in face-to-face contact with health care providers for the purpose of fully participating in the decision-making process.

(h) If the consumer lacks capacity and none of the individuals eligible to act as a surrogate under 1200-08-34-.13(16)(c) through 1200-08-34-.13(16)(g) is reasonably available, the designated physician may make health care decisions for the consumer after the designated physician either:

1. Consults with and obtains the recommendations of a facility's ethics mechanism or standing committee in the facility that evaluates health care issues; or

2. Obtains concurrence from a second physician who is not directly involved in the consumer's health care, does not serve in a capacity of decision-making, influence, or responsibility over the designated physician, and is not under the designated physician's decision-making, influence, or responsibility.

(i) In the event of a challenge, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the selection of the surrogate was valid. Any person who challenges the selection shall have the burden of proving the invalidity of that selection.

(j) A surrogate shall make a health care decision in accordance with the consumer's individual instructions, if any, and other wishes to the extent known to the surrogate. Otherwise, the surrogate shall make the decision in accordance with the surrogate's determination of the consumer's best interest. In determining the consumer's best interest, the surrogate shall consider the consumer's personal values to the extent known to the surrogate.

(k) A surrogate who has not been designated by the consumer may make all health care decisions for the consumer that the consumer could make on the consumer's own behalf, except that artificial nutrition and hydration may be withheld or withdrawn for a consumer upon a decision of the surrogate only when the designated physician and a second independent physician certify in the consumer's current clinical records that the provision or continuation of artificial nutrition or hydration is merely prolonging the act of dying and the consumer is highly unlikely to regain capacity to make medical decisions.

(l) Except as provided in 1200-08-34-.13(16)(m):

1. Neither the treating health care provider nor an employee of the treating health care provider, nor an operator of a health care institution nor an employee of an operator of a health care institution may be designated as a surrogate; and
2. A health care provider or employee of a health care provider may not act as a surrogate if the health care provider becomes the consumer’s treating health care provider.

(m) An employee of the treating health care provider or an employee of an operator of a health care institution may be designated as a surrogate if:

1. The employee so designated is a relative of the consumer by blood, marriage, or adoption; and

2. The other requirements of this section are satisfied.

(n) A health care provider may require an individual claiming the right to act as surrogate for a consumer to provide written documentation stating facts and circumstances reasonably sufficient to establish the claimed authority.

(17) Guardian.

(a) A guardian shall comply with the consumer’s individual instructions and may not revoke the consumer’s advance directive absent a court order to the contrary.

(b) Absent a court order to the contrary, a health care decision of an agent takes precedence over that of a guardian.

(c) A health care provider may require an individual claiming the right to act as guardian for a consumer to provide written documentation stating facts and circumstances reasonably sufficient to establish the claimed authority.

(18) A designated physician who makes or is informed of a determination that a consumer lacks or has recovered capacity, or that another condition exists which affects an individual instruction or the authority of an agent, guardian, or surrogate, shall promptly record the determination in the consumer’s current clinical record and communicate the determination to the consumer, if possible, and to any person then authorized to make health care decisions for the consumer.

(19) Except as provided in 1200-08-34-.13(20) through 1200-08-34-.13(22), a health care provider or institution providing care to a consumer shall:

(a) Comply with an individual instruction of the consumer and with a reasonable interpretation of that instruction made by a person then authorized to make health care decisions for the consumer; and

(b) Comply with a health care decision for the consumer made by a person then authorized to make health care decisions for the consumer to the same extent as if the decision had been made by the consumer while having capacity.

(20) A health care provider may decline to comply with an individual instruction or health care decision for reasons of conscience.

(21) A health care institution may decline to comply with an individual instruction or health care decision if the instruction or decision is:

(a) Contrary to a policy of the institution which is based on reasons of conscience, and

(b) The policy was timely communicated to the consumer or to a person then authorized to make health care decisions for the consumer.
(Rule 1200-08-34-.13, continued)

(22) A health care provider or institution may decline to comply with an individual instruction or health care decision that requires medically inappropriate health care or health care contrary to generally accepted health care standards applicable to the health care provider or institution.

(23) A health care provider or institution that declines to comply with an individual instruction or health care decision pursuant to 1200-08-34-.13(20) through 1200-08-34-.13(22) shall:

(a) Promptly so inform the consumer, if possible, and any person then authorized to make health care decisions for the consumer;

(b) Provide continuing care to the consumer until a transfer can be effected or until the determination has been made that transfer cannot be effected;

(c) Unless the consumer or person then authorized to make health care decisions for the consumer refuses assistance, immediately make all reasonable efforts to assist in the transfer of the consumer to another health care provider or institution that is willing to comply with the instruction or decision; and

(d) If a transfer cannot be effected, the health care provider or institution shall not be compelled to comply.

(24) Unless otherwise specified in an advance directive, a person then authorized to make health care decisions for a consumer has the same rights as the consumer to request, receive, examine, copy, and consent to the disclosure of medical or any other health care information.

(25) A health care provider or institution acting in good faith and in accordance with generally accepted health care standards applicable to the health care provider or institution is not subject to civil or criminal liability or to discipline for unprofessional conduct for:

(a) Complying with a health care decision of a person apparently having authority to make a health care decision for a consumer, including a decision to withhold or withdraw health care;

(b) Declining to comply with a health care decision of a person based on a belief that the person then lacked authority; or

(c) Complying with an advance directive and assuming that the directive was valid when made and had not been revoked or terminated.

(26) An individual acting as an agent or surrogate is not subject to civil or criminal liability or to discipline for unprofessional conduct for health care decisions made in good faith.

(27) A person identifying a surrogate is not subject to civil or criminal liability or to discipline for unprofessional conduct for such identification made in good faith.

(28) A copy of a written advance directive, revocation of an advance directive, or designation or disqualification of a surrogate has the same effect as the original.

(29) The withholding or withdrawal of medical care from a consumer in accordance with the provisions of the Tennessee Health Care Decisions Act shall not, for any purpose, constitute a suicide, euthanasia, homicide, mercy killing, or assisted suicide.

(30) Physician Orders for Scope of Treatment (POST)
(Rule 1200-08-34-.13, continued)

(a) Physician orders for scope of treatment (POST) may be issued by a physician for a patient with whom the physician has a bona fide physician-patient relationship, but only:

1. With the informed consent of the patient;

2. If the patient is a minor or is otherwise incapable of making an informed decision regarding consent for such an order, upon request of and with the consent of the agent, surrogate, or other person authorized to consent on the patient's behalf under the Tennessee Health Care Decisions Act; or

3. If the patient is a minor or is otherwise incapable of making an informed decision regarding consent for such an order and the agent, surrogate, or other person authorized to consent on the patient's behalf under the Tennessee Health Care Decisions Act, is not reasonably available, if the physician determines that the provision of cardio pulmonary resuscitation would be contrary to accepted medical standards.

(b) A POST may be issued by a physician assistant, nurse practitioner or clinical nurse specialist for a patient with whom such physician assistant, nurse practitioner or clinical nurse specialist has a bona fide physician assistant-patient or nurse-patient relationship, but only if:

1. No physician, who has a bona fide physician-patient relationship with the patient, is present and available for discussion with the patient (or if the patient is a minor or is otherwise incapable of making an informed decision, with the agent, surrogate, or other person authorized to consent on the patient's behalf under the Tennessee Health Care Decisions Act);

2. Such authority to issue is contained in the physician assistant’s, nurse practitioner’s or clinical nurse specialist’s protocols;

3. Either:
   (i) The patient is a resident of a nursing home licensed under title 68 or an ICF/MR facility licensed under title 33 and is in the process of being discharged from the nursing home or transferred to another facility at the time the POST is being issued; or
   
   (ii) The patient is a hospital patient and is in the process of being discharged from the hospital or transferred to another facility at the time the POST is being issued; and

4. Either:
   (i) With the informed consent of the patient;
   
   (ii) If the patient is a minor or is otherwise incapable of making an informed decision regarding consent for such an order, upon request of and with the consent of the agent, surrogate, or other person authorized to consent on the patient’s behalf under the Tennessee Health Care Decisions Act; or
   
   (iii) If the patient is a minor or is otherwise incapable of making an informed decision regarding consent for such an order and the agent, surrogate, or other person authorized to consent on the patient’s behalf under the Tennessee Health Care Decisions Act, is not reasonably available and such authority to issue is contained in the physician assistant, nurse
practitioner or clinical nurse specialist's protocols and the physician assistant or nurse determines that the provision of cardiopulmonary resuscitation would be contrary to accepted medical standards.

(c) If the patient is an adult who is capable of making an informed decision, the patient's expression of the desire to be resuscitated in the event of cardiac or respiratory arrest shall revoke any contrary order in the POST. If the patient is a minor or is otherwise incapable of making an informed decision, the expression of the desire that the patient be resuscitated by the person authorized to consent on the patient's behalf shall revoke any contrary order in the POST. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require cardiopulmonary resuscitation of a patient for whom the physician or physician assistant or nurse practitioner or clinical nurse specialist determines cardiopulmonary resuscitation is not medically appropriate.

(d) A POST issued in accordance with this section shall remain valid and in effect until revoked. In accordance with this rule and applicable regulations, qualified emergency medical services personnel; and licensed health care practitioners in any facility, program, or organization operated or licensed by the Board for Licensing Health Care Facilities, the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services, or the Department of Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities, or operated, licensed, or owned by another state agency, shall follow a POST that is available to such persons in a form approved by the Board for Licensing Health Care Facilities.

(e) Nothing in these rules shall authorize the withholding of other medical interventions, such as medications, positioning, wound care, oxygen, suction, treatment of airway obstruction or other therapies deemed necessary to provide comfort care or alleviate pain.

(f) If a person has a do-not-resuscitate order in effect at the time of such person's discharge from a health care facility, the facility shall complete a POST prior to discharge. If a person with a POST is transferred from one health care facility to another health care facility, the health care facility initiating the transfer shall communicate the existence of the POST to qualified emergency medical service personnel and to the receiving facility prior to the transfer. The transferring facility shall provide a copy of the POST that accompanies the patient in transport to the receiving health care facility. Upon admission, the receiving facility shall make the POST a part of the patient's record.

(g) These rules shall not prevent, prohibit, or limit a physician from using a written order, other than a POST, not to resuscitate a patient in the event of cardiac or respiratory arrest in accordance with accepted medical practices. This action shall have no application to any do not resuscitate order that is not a POST, as defined in these rules.

(h) Valid do not resuscitate orders or emergency medical services do not resuscitate orders issued before July 1, 2004, pursuant to then-current law, shall remain valid and shall be given effect as provided in these rules.


1200-08-34-.14 RESERVED.
## 1200-08-34-.15 APPENDIX I

(1) Physician Orders for Scope of Treatment (POST) Form

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A COPY OF THIS FORM SHALL ACCOMPANY PATIENT WHEN TRANSFERRED OR DISCHARGED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tennessee Physician Orders for Scope of Treatment (POST, sometimes called “POLST”)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is a Physician Order Sheet based on the medical conditions and wishes of the person identified at right (“patient”). Any section not completed indicates full treatment for that section. When need occurs, first follow these orders, then contact physician.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Patient’s Last Name</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>First Name/Middle Initial</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Date of Birth</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Section A</strong></th>
<th><strong>Check One Box Only</strong></th>
<th><strong>Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR):</strong> Patient has no pulse and is not breathing.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>☐</strong></td>
<td><strong>Resuscitate (CPR)</strong></td>
<td><strong>☐</strong> <strong>Do Not Attempt Resuscitation (DNR / no CPR) (Allow Natural Death)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>When not in cardiopulmonary arrest, follow orders in <strong>B, C,</strong> and <strong>D</strong>.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Section B</strong></th>
<th><strong>Check One Box Only</strong></th>
<th><strong>Medical Interventions.</strong> Patient has pulse and/or is breathing.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>☐</strong></td>
<td><strong>Comfort Measures Only.</strong> Relieve pain and suffering through the use of any medication by any route, positioning, wound care and other measures. Use oxygen, suction and manual treatment of airway obstruction as needed for comfort. <strong>Do not transfer to hospital for life-sustaining treatment. Transfer only if comfort needs cannot be met in current location. Treatment Plan: Maximize comfort through symptom management.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>☐</strong></td>
<td><strong>Limited Additional Interventions.</strong> In addition to care described in Comfort Measures Only above, use medical treatment, antibiotics, IV fluids and cardiac monitoring as indicated. No intubation, advanced airway interventions, or mechanical ventilation. May consider less invasive airway support (e.g. CPAP, BIPAP). <strong>Transfer</strong> to hospital if indicated. Generally avoid the intensive care unit. <strong>Treatment Plan: Basic medical treatments.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>☐</strong></td>
<td><strong>Full Treatment.</strong> In addition to care described in Comfort Measures Only and Limited Additional Interventions above, use intubation, advanced airway interventions, and mechanical ventilation as indicated. <strong>Transfer</strong> to hospital and/or intensive care unit if indicated. <strong>Treatment Plan: Full treatment including in the intensive care unit.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Other Instructions:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Section C</strong></th>
<th><strong>Check One</strong></th>
<th><strong>Artificially Administered Nutrition.</strong> Oral fluids &amp; nutrition must be offered if feasible.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>☐</strong></td>
<td><strong>No artificial nutrition by tube.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>☐</strong></td>
<td><strong>Defined trial period of artificial nutrition by tube.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>☐</strong></td>
<td><strong>Long-term artificial nutrition by tube.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Other Instructions:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Section D</strong></th>
<th><strong>Discussed with:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>☐</strong></td>
<td>Patient/Resident</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>☐</strong></td>
<td>Health care agent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>☐</strong></td>
<td>Court-appointed guardian</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>☐</strong></td>
<td>Health care surrogate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>☐</strong></td>
<td>Parent of minor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>☐</strong></td>
<td>Other: __________ (Specify)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**The Basis for These Orders Is:** (Must be completed)

| ☐ | Patient’s preferences |
| ☐ | Patient’s best interest (patient lacks capacity or preferences unknown) |
| ☐ | Medical indications |
| ☐ | (Other) __________ (Specify) |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Physician/NP/CNS/PA Name (Print)</strong></th>
<th><strong>Physician/NP/CNS/PA Signature</strong></th>
<th><strong>Date</strong></th>
<th><strong>MD/NP/CNS/PA Phone Number:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NP/CNS/PA (Signature at Discharge)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Signature of Patient, Parent of Minor, or Guardian/Health Care Representative</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preferences have been expressed to a physician and/or health care professional. It can be reviewed and updated at any time if</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

June, 2019 (Revised)
your preferences change. If you are unable to make your own health care decisions, the orders should reflect your preferences as best understood by your surrogate.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name (print)</th>
<th>Signature</th>
<th>Relationship (write “self” if patient)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agent/Surrogate</td>
<td>Relationship</td>
<td>Phone Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Care Professional Preparing Form</td>
<td>Preparer Title</td>
<td>Phone Number</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HIPAA PERMITS DISCLOSURE OF POST TO OTHER HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS AS NECESSARY**

**Directions for Health Care Professionals**

**Completing POST**

Must be completed by a health care professional based on patient preferences, patient best interest, and medical indications.

To be valid, POST must be signed by a physician or, at discharge or transfer from a hospital or long term care facility, by a nurse practitioner (NP), clinical nurse specialist (CNS), or physician assistant (PA). Verbal orders are acceptable with follow-up signature by physician in accordance with facility/community policy.

Persons with DNR in effect at time of discharge must have POST completed by health care facility prior to discharge and copy of POST provided to qualified medical emergency personnel.

Photocopies/faxes of signed POST forms are legal and valid.

**Using POST**

Any incomplete section of POST implies full treatment for that section.

No defibrillator (including AEDs) should be used on a person who has chosen “Do Not Attempt Resuscitation”.

Oral fluids and nutrition must always be offered if medically feasible.

When comfort cannot be achieved in the current setting, the person, including someone with “Comfort Measures Only”, should be transferred to a setting able to provide comfort (e.g., treatment of a hip fracture).

IV medication to enhance comfort may be appropriate for a person who has chosen “Comfort Measures Only”.

Treatment of dehydration is a measure which prolongs life. A person who desires IV fluids should indicate “Limited Interventions” or “Full Treatment”.

A person with capacity, or the Health Care Agent or Surrogate of a person without capacity, can request alternative treatment.

**Reviewing POST**

This POST should be reviewed if:

1. The patient is transferred from one care setting or care level to another, or
2. There is a substantial change in the patient’s health status, or
3. The patient’s treatment preferences change.

Draw line through sections A through D and write “VOID” in large letters if POST is replaced or becomes invalid.
COPY OF FORM SHALL ACCOMPANY PATIENT WHEN TRANSFERRED OR DISCHARGED.

(2) Advance Directive for Health Care Form

ADVANCE DIRECTIVE FOR HEALTH CARE*
(Tennessee)

I, ____________________________________, hereby give these advance instructions on how I want to be treated by my doctors and other health care providers when I can no longer make those treatment decisions myself.

Part 1 Agent: I want the following person to make health care decisions for me. This includes any health care decision I could have made for myself if able, except that my agent must follow my instructions below:

Name: ___________________ Relation: ___________ Home Phone: __________ Work Phone: __________
Address: ___________________ Relation: ___________ Mobile Phone: __________ Other Phone: __________

Alternate Agent: If the person named above is unable or unwilling to make health care decisions for me, I appoint as alternate the following person to make health care decisions for me. This includes any health care decision I could have made for myself if able, except that my agent must follow my instructions below:

Name: ___________________ Relation: ___________ Home Phone: __________ Work Phone: __________
Address: ___________________ Relation: ___________ Mobile Phone: __________ Other Phone: __________

My agent is also my personal representative for purposes of federal and state privacy laws, including HIPAA.

When Effective (mark one): □ I give my agent permission to make health care decisions for me at any time, even if I have capacity to make decisions for myself. □ I do not give such permission (this form applies only when I no longer have capacity).

Part 2 Indicate Your Wishes for Quality of Life: By marking “yes” below, I have indicated conditions I would be willing to live with if given adequate comfort care and pain management. By marking “no” below, I have indicated conditions I would not be willing to live with (that to me would create an unacceptable quality of life).

| □ | □ | Permanent Unconscious Condition: I become totally unaware of people or surroundings with little chance of ever waking up from the coma. |
| □ | □ | Permanent Confusion: I become unable to remember, understand, or make decisions. I do not recognize loved ones or cannot have a clear conversation with them. |
| □ | □ | Dependent in all Activities of Daily Living: I am no longer able to talk or communicate clearly or move by myself. I depend on others for feeding, bathing, dressing, and walking. Rehabilitation or any other restorative treatment will not help. |
| □ | □ | End-Stage Illnesses: I have an illness that has reached its final stages in spite of full treatment. Examples: Widespread cancer that no longer responds to treatment; chronic and/or damaged heart and lungs, where oxygen is needed most of the time and activities are limited due to the feeling of suffocation. |

Indicate Your Wishes for Treatment: If my quality of life becomes unacceptable to me (as indicated by
(Rule 1200-08-34-.15, continued)

one or more of the conditions marked “no” above) and my condition is irreversible (that is, it will not improve), I direct that medically appropriate treatment be provided as follows. By marking “yes” below, I have indicated treatment I want. By marking “no” below, I have indicated treatment I do not want.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>CPR (Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation): To make the heart beat again and restore breathing after it has stopped. Usually this involves electric shock, chest compressions, and breathing assistance.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Life Support / Other Artificial Support: Continuous use of breathing machine, IV fluids, medications, and other equipment that helps the lungs, heart, kidneys, and other organs to continue to work.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Treatment of New Conditions: Use of surgery, blood transfusions, or antibiotics that will deal with a new condition but will not help the main illness.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tube feeding/IV fluids: Use of tubes to deliver food and water to a patient’s stomach or use of IV fluids into a vein, which would include artificially delivered nutrition and hydration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Part 3 Other instructions, such as hospice care, burial arrangements, etc.: ____________________________

______________________________________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________________________________

(Attach additional pages if necessary)

Part 4 Organ donation: Upon my death, I wish to make the following anatomical gift for purposes of transplantation, research, and/or education (mark one):

- Any organ/tissue
- My entire body
- Only the following organs/tissues: ____________________________
- No organ/tissue donation

SIGNATURE

Part 5 Your signature must either be witnessed by two competent adults (“Block A”) or by a notary public (“Block B”).

Signature: ____________________________ Date: ____________________________

(Patient)

Block A Neither witness may be the person you appointed as your agent or alternate, and at least one of the witnesses must be someone who is not related to you or entitled to any part of your estate.

Witnesses:

1. I am a competent adult who is not named as the agent or alternate. I witnessed the patient’s signature on this form. 

Signature of witness number 1

2. I am a competent adult who is not named as the agent or alternate. I am not related to the patient by blood, marriage, or adoption and I would not be entitled to any portion of the patient’s estate upon his or her death under any existing will or codicil or by operation of law. I witnessed the patient’s signature on this form.

Signature of witness number 2
Block B You may choose to have your signature witnessed by a notary public instead of the witnesses described in Block A.

STATE OF TENNESSEE
COUNTY OF ______________________________________

I am a Notary Public in and for the State and County named above. The person who signed this instrument is personally known to me (or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence) to be the person who signed as the “patient.” The patient personally appeared before me and signed above or acknowledged the signature above as his or her own. I declare under penalty of perjury that the patient appears to be of sound mind and under no duress, fraud, or undue influence.

My commission expires: ____________________________  Signature of Notary Public

WHAT TO DO WITH THIS ADVANCE DIRECTIVE: (1) provide a copy to your physician(s); (2) keep a copy in your personal files where it is accessible to others; (3) tell your closest relatives and friends what is in the document; and (4) provide a copy to the person(s) you named as your health care agent.

* This form replaces the old forms for durable power of attorney for health care, living will, appointment of agent, and advance care plan, and eliminates the need for any of those documents.